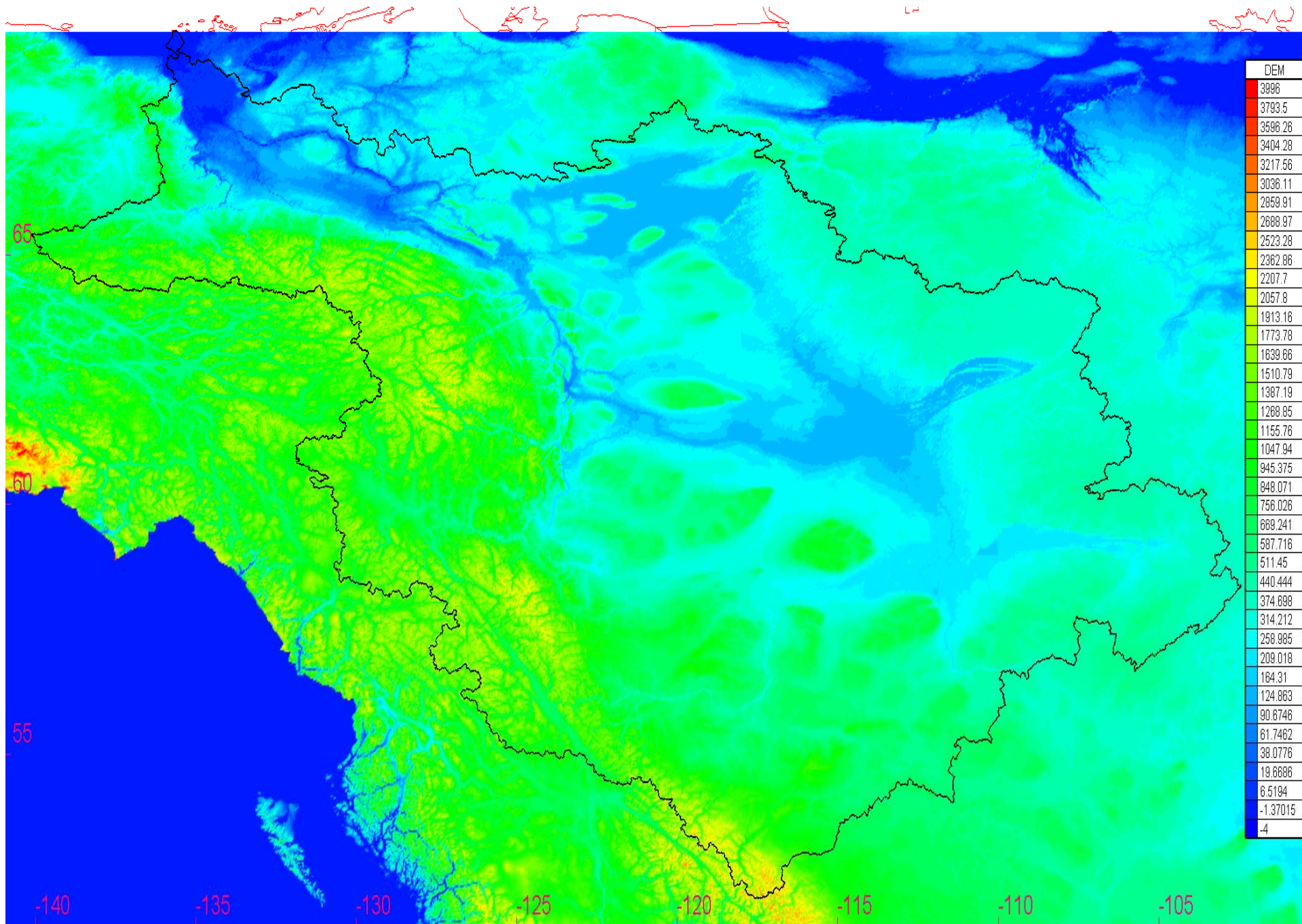


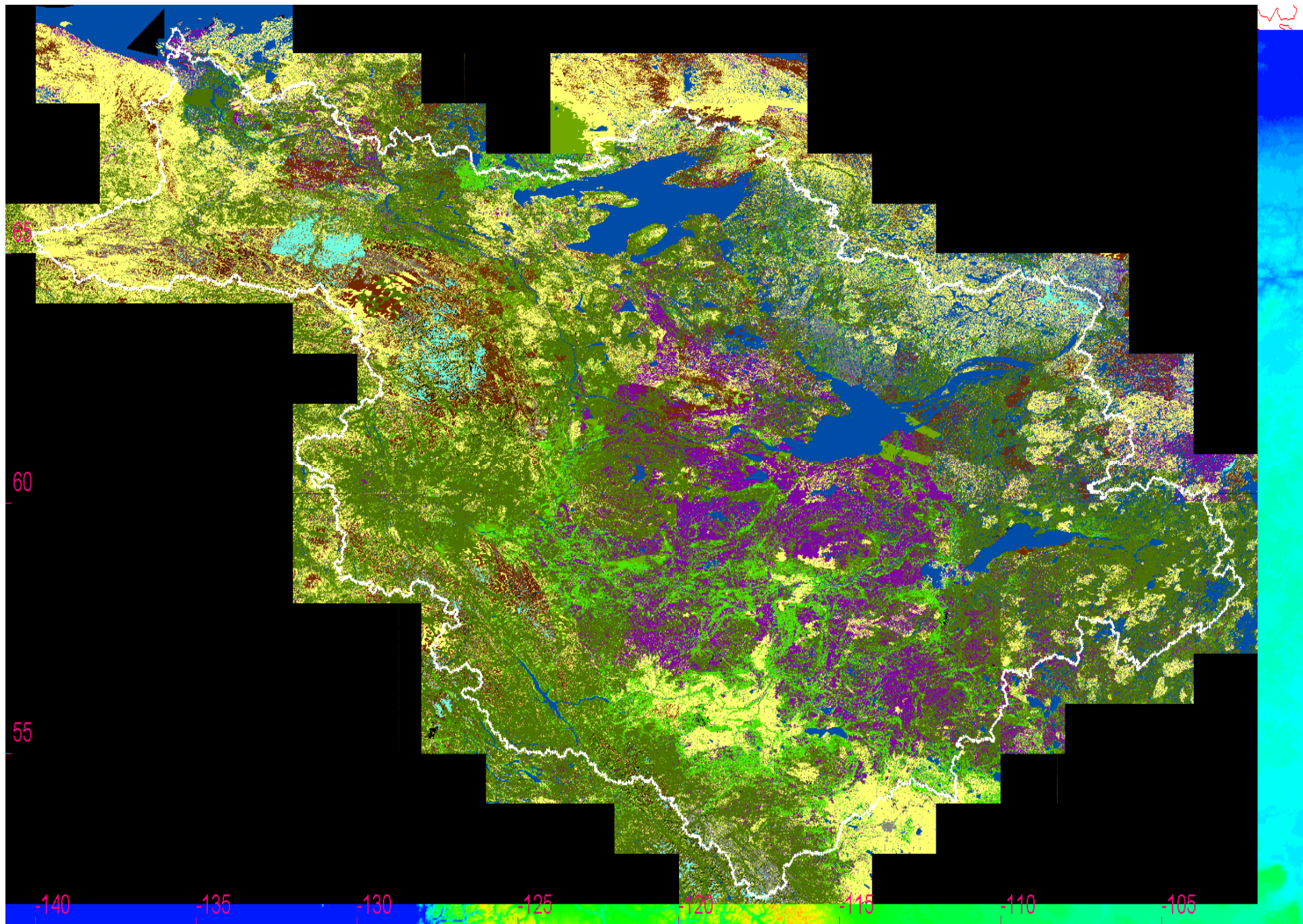
# Setup WATFLOOD for the MRB watershed

- »DEM
- »Land cover map
- »Precip
- »Temperature
- »Streamflow
- »Snow course data
- »Diversions



Start with a DEM



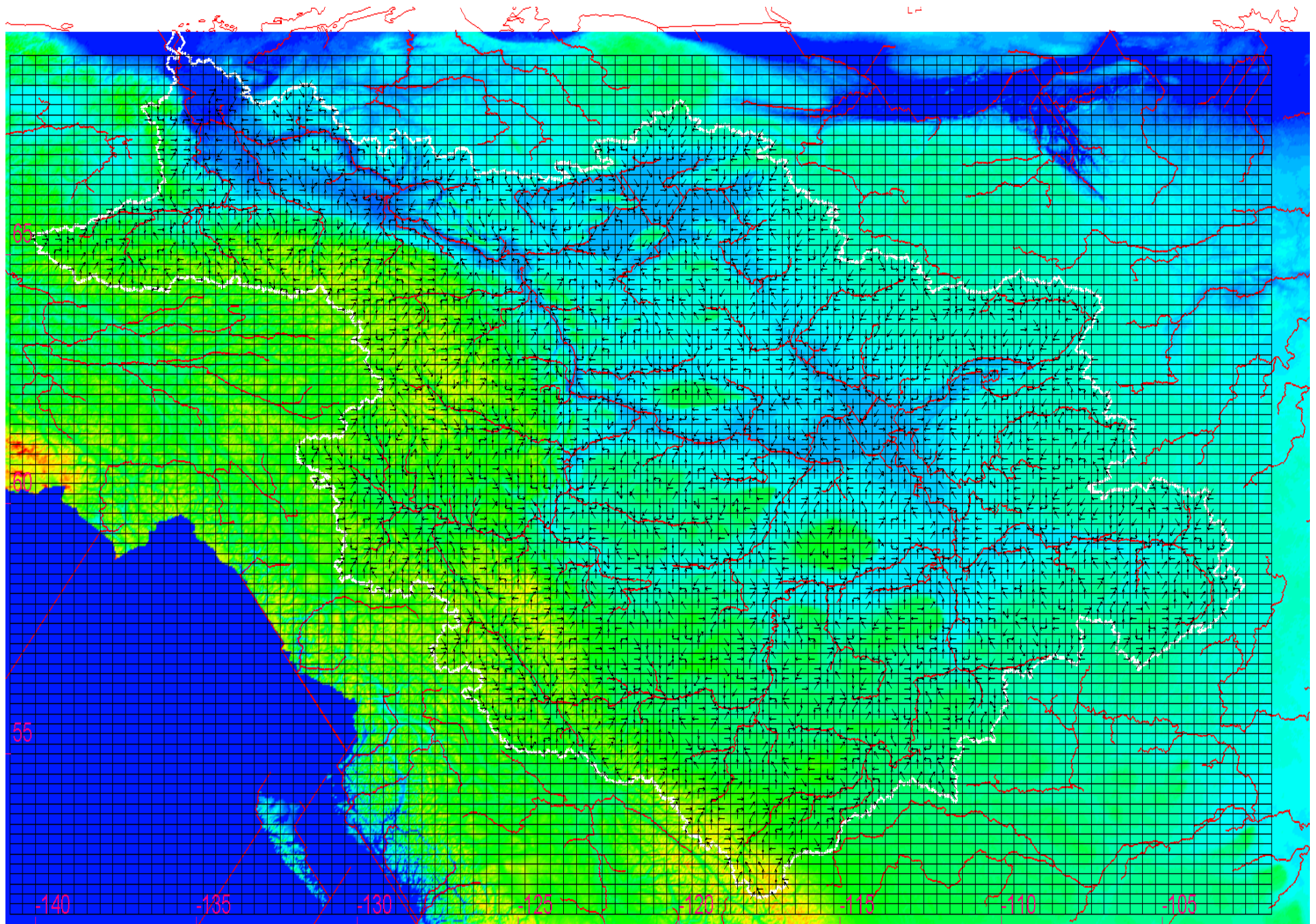


And a Land Cover map – note it is made up with “tiles”

## **Collect data automatically with GreenKenue (yeah!):**

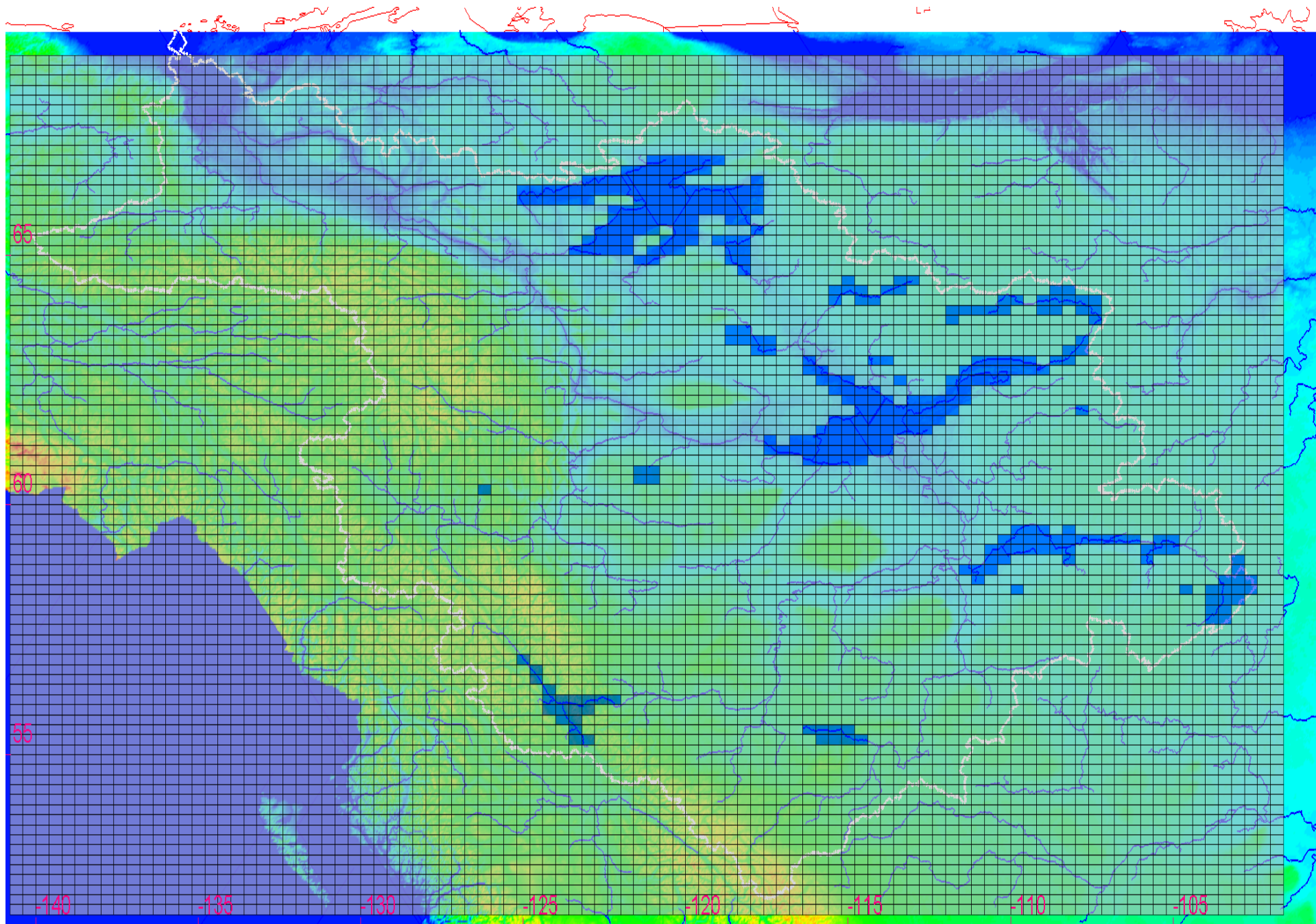
- From the DEM
  - Channel Elevation
  - Size of each grid (frac)
  - Drainage direction out of each grid
  - River class – default = 1 & is edited later
  - Contour density in each grid – relates to overland slope
  - Channel density - affects routing efficiency
  - Reach number - default = 0 & is edited to insert lakes/reservoirs
- From the Land Cover Map
  - From the Land Cover map, collect the # of pixels of each land cover class and convert to a %





Create a watershed file, set up WATFLOOD grid and collect gridded drainage map



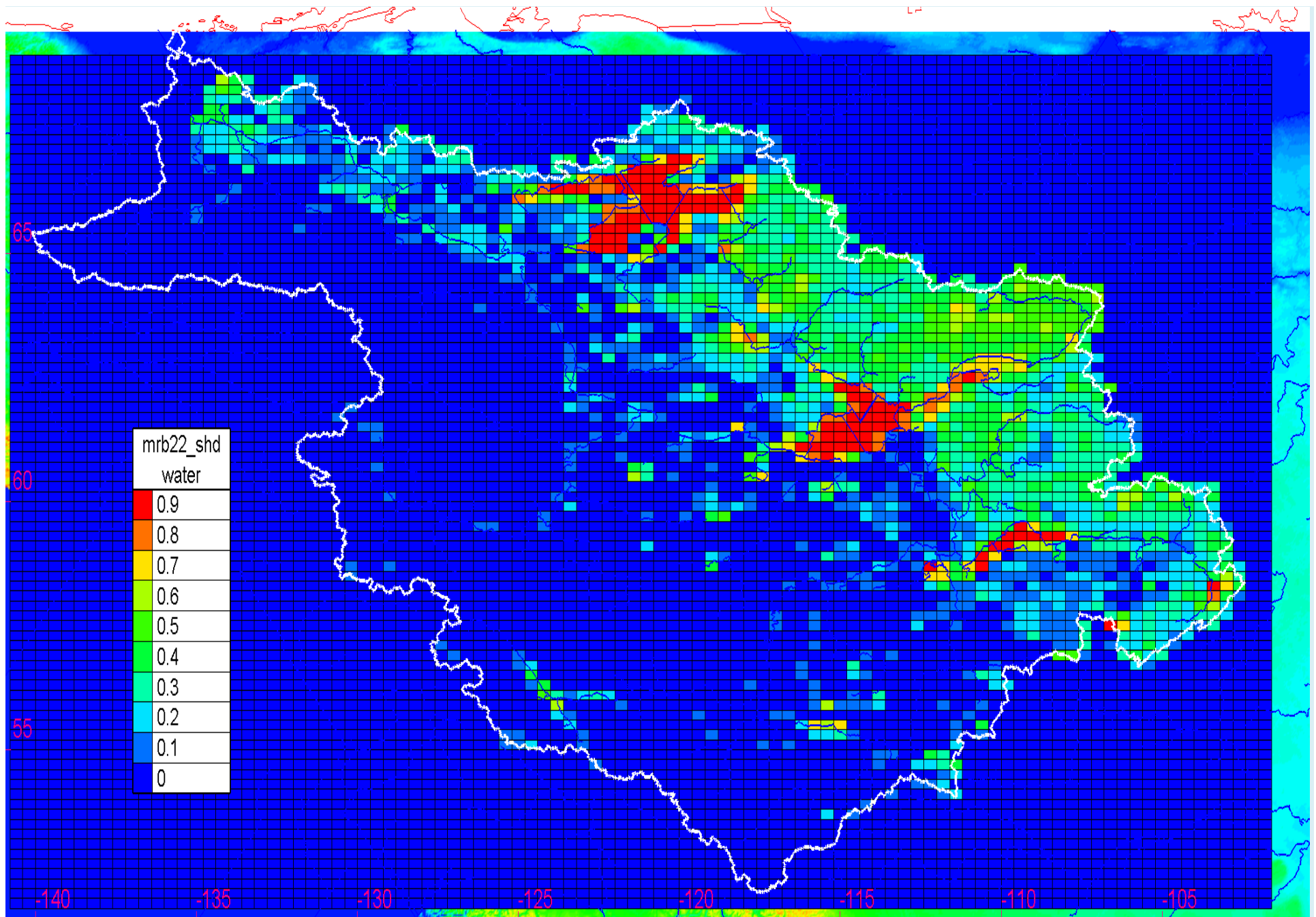


Code the lakes: mark & number grids as reaches/lakes



# Next:

- Run BSN.exe to convert the raw data set into hydrologically usable data:
  - Determines grid rank: highest to lowest for computational order
  - Convert elevations and grid size into channel slope for routing
  - Convert contour density to overland slope
  - Bankfull channel x-section area
  - Combine classes that are similar to reduce # for computational efficiency



Collect land cover by % in each grid cell: 15 classes for the Mackenzie River watershed



MRB22\_shd.r2c file:

```
#####  
:FileType r2c  ASCII  EnSim 1.0  
#  
#  DataType          2D Rect Cell  
#  
:Application          WATFLOOD  
:Version              10  
:WrittenBy            nk  
:CreationDate          2014-04-02  17:03  
#  
#-----  
:SourceFileName        WSC_02HF_4.map  
:NominalGridSize_AL    1000.000  
:ContourInterval       1.000  
:ImperviousArea        1.000  
:ClassCount            12  
:NumRiverClasses       1  
:ElevConversion         1.000  
:TotalNumOfGrids       3488  
:numGridsInBasin       3487  
:DebugGridNo           1744  
#  
#effective nca %        0.00000  
#  
:Projection            CARTESIAN  
:Ellipsoid              unknown  
#  
:xOrigin               1407000.00000  
:yOrigin               11993000.00000  
#
```

Shd file header  
in Green Kenue  
r2c format

:AttributeName 1 Rank  
:AttributeName 2 Next  
:AttributeName 3 DA  
:AttributeName 4 Bankfull  
:AttributeName 5 ChnlSlope  
:AttributeName 6 Elev  
:AttributeName 7 ChnlLength  
:AttributeName 8 IAK  
:AttributeName 9 IntSlope  
:AttributeName 10 Chnl  
:AttributeName 11 Reach  
:AttributeName 12 GridArea  
:AttributeName 13 FetchNE  
:AttributeName 14 FetchE  
:AttributeName 15 FetchSE  
:AttributeName 16 FetchS  
:AttributeName 17 FetchSW  
:AttributeName 18 FetchW  
:AttributeName 19 FetchNW  
:AttributeName 20 FetchN  
:AttributeName 21 grass  
:AttributeName 22 crops  
:AttributeName 23 conif  
:AttributeName 24 decid  
:AttributeName 25 mixed  
:AttributeName 26 regen  
:AttributeName 27 barren  
:AttributeName 28 bog  
:AttributeName 29 wetland  
:AttributeName 30 wetland  
:AttributeName 31 water  
:AttributeName 32 impervious

Attribute list in the shd file

**Followed by 32 frames of gridded watershed data**



Data files in working directory – e.g. c:\watflood\mrb22:

|                       |                        |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Geographical          | basin\mrb22.map        |
| Geographical          | basin\mrb22_shd.r2c    |
| Point Precipitation   | raing\yyyymmdd_rag.tb0 |
| Gridded Precip        | radcl\yyyymmdd_met.r2c |
| Point Temperature     | tempg\yyyymmdd_tag.tb0 |
| Gridded Temp          | tempr\yyyymmdd_tem.r2c |
| Gridded TempvDiff     | tempr\yyyymmdd_dif.r2c |
| Streamflow            | strfw\yyyymmdd_str.tb0 |
| Lake rules / releases | resrl\yyyymmdd_rel.tb0 |
| Diversion flows       | diver\yyyymmdd_div.tb0 |
| Lake levels           | level\yyyymmdd_lvl.tb0 |
| Initial lake levels   | level\yyyymmdd_ill.pt2 |
| Snow Course Swe       | snow1\yyyymmdd_crs.pt2 |
| Gridded SWE           | snow1\yyyymmdd_swe.r2c |
| Point Soil moisture   | moist\yyyymmdd_psm.pt2 |
| Gridded Soil Moisture | moist\yyyymmdd_gsm.r2c |

Note:

tb0 files: station time series

pt2 files: static station point data

r2c files: both static & time series gridded data

Optional

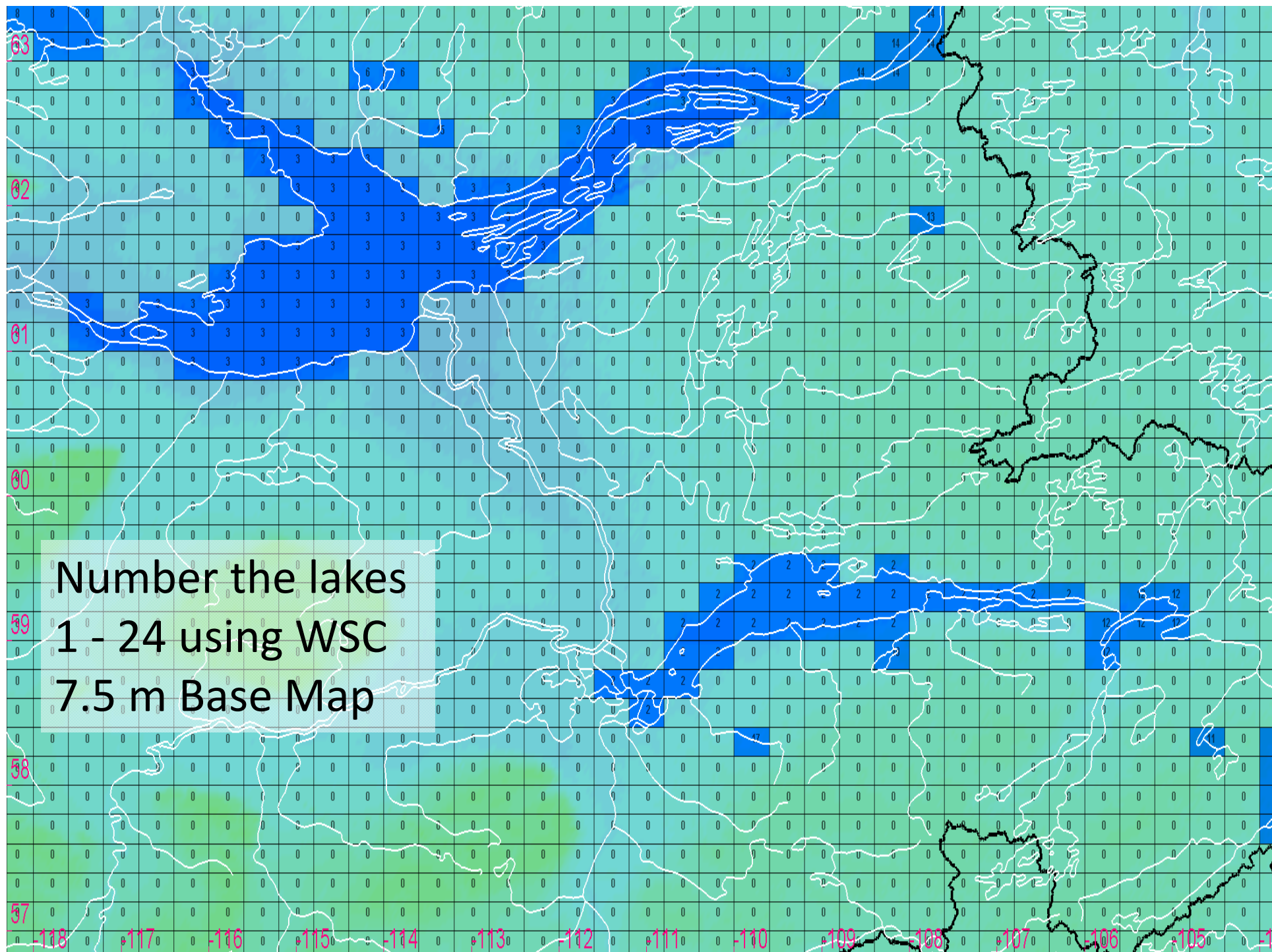
# Modeling a watershed involves a gradual refinement of the model

After DEM & landcover: mark lakes & reservoirs:

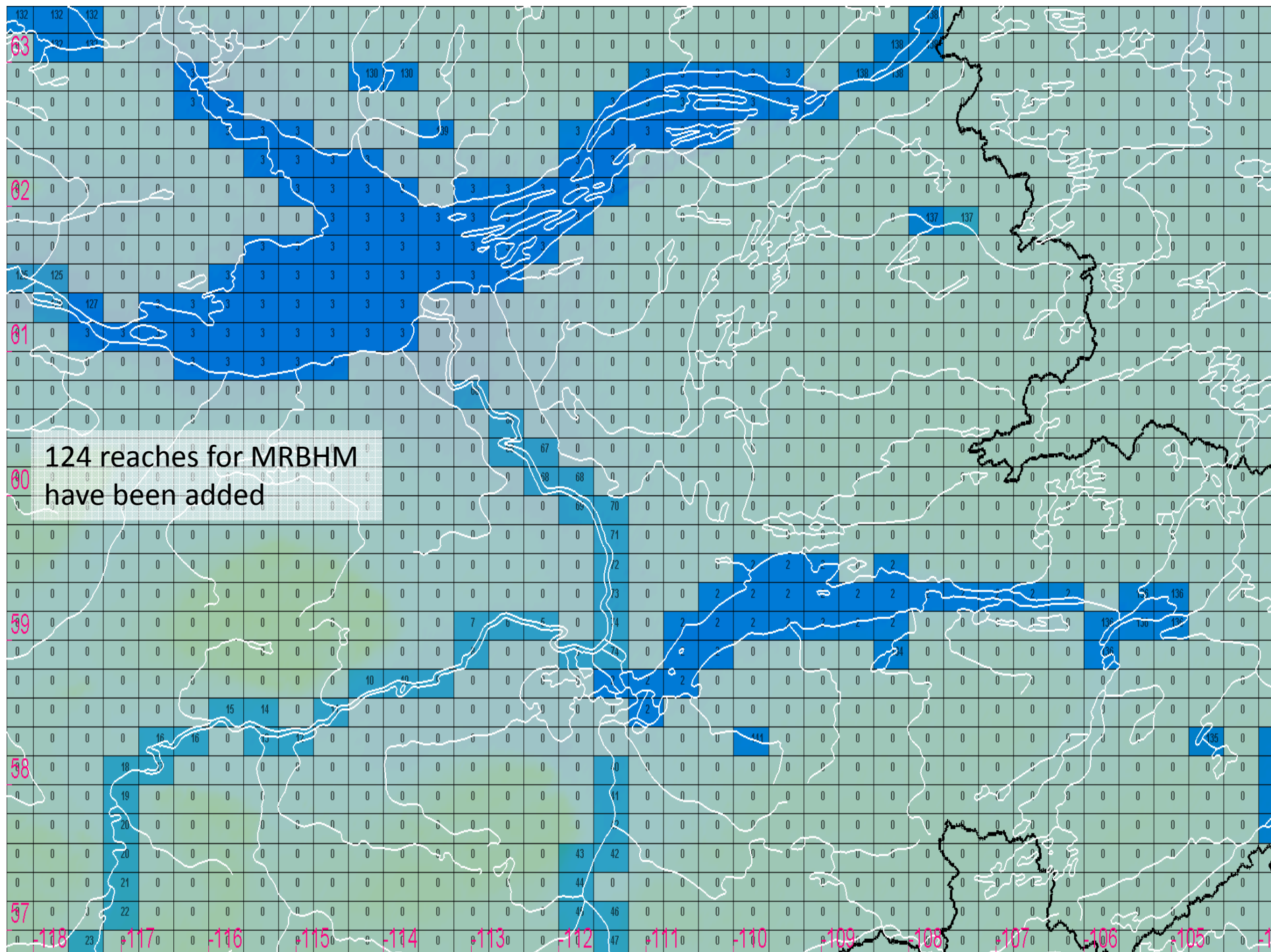
Each lake is assigned a number. All water entering a lake or land adjoining the lake is routed through a lake.

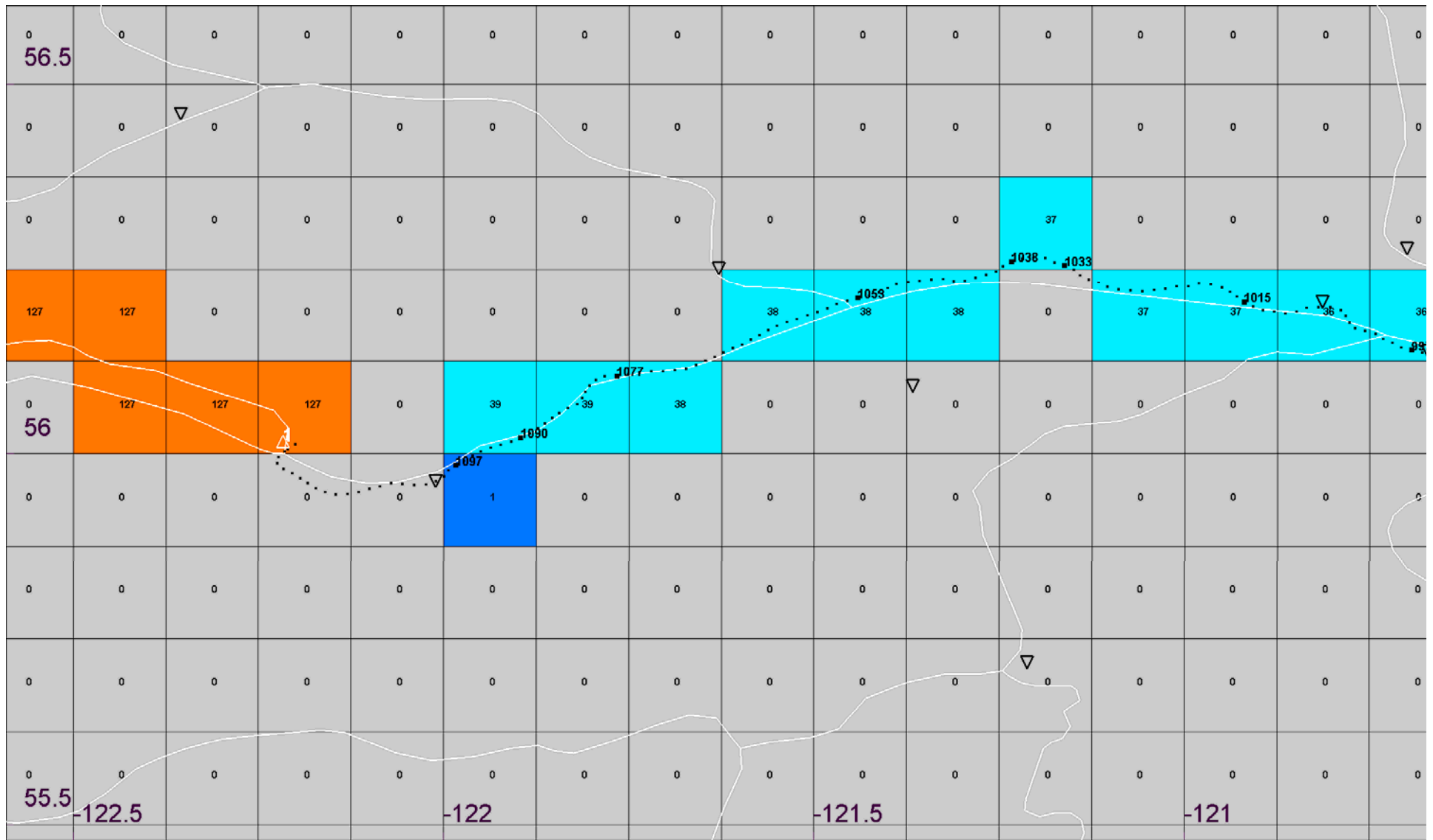
Initially, only large lakes are coded – then more added as needed

Lakes are called reaches (Numbering system was developed for a 1D model – NWS DWOPER. Flow1D / MRBHM has the same requirements – just a different file format)









Black dots are MRBHM computational nodes

MRB\_Rivers.i2s

Numbered larger black dots are MRBHM Master Inflow Sites

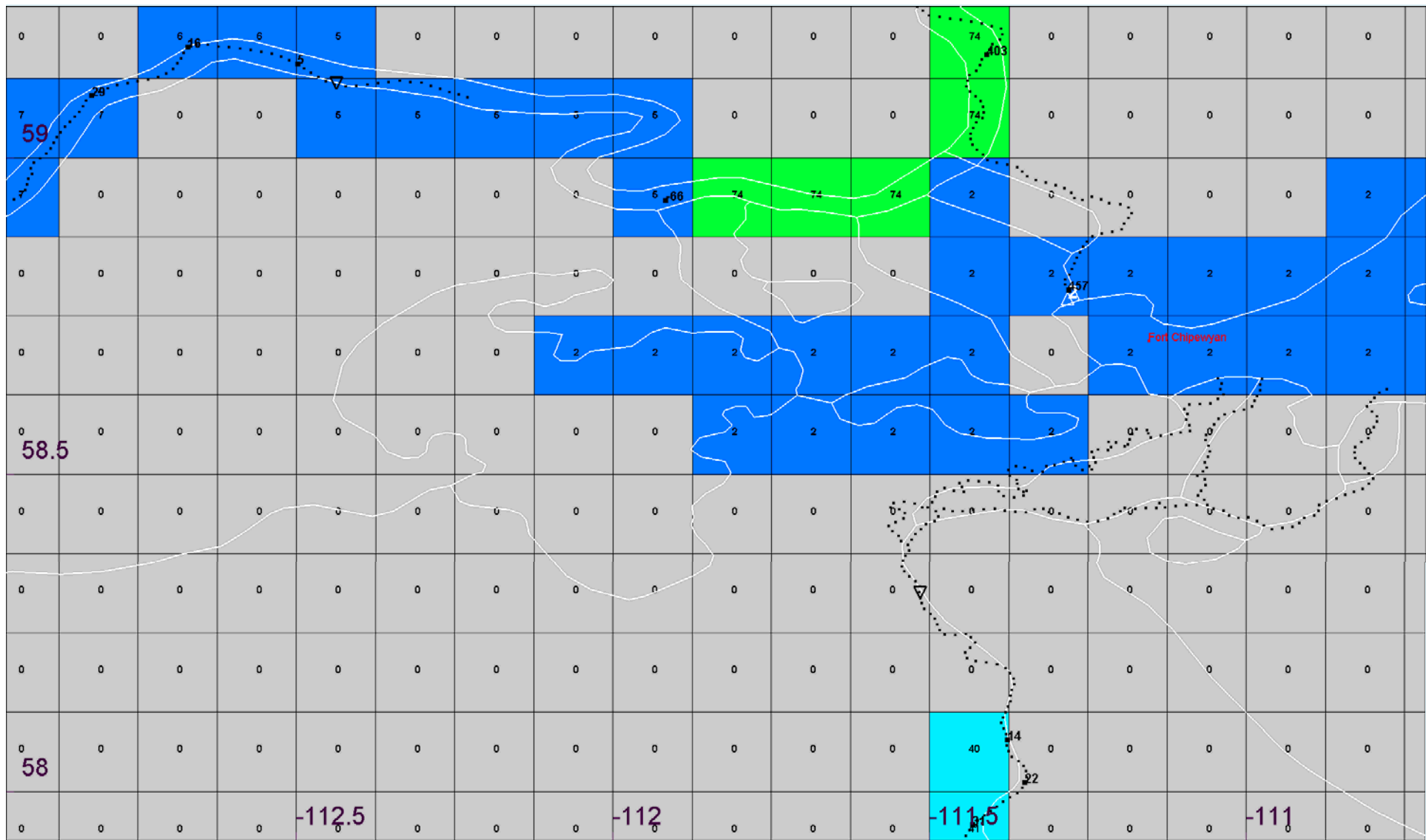
MRB\_MASTER\_INFLOW\_SITES\_COL\_SWITCH.pt2

Numbered grids are WATFLOOD reach numbers

mrb22\_MRBHM\_reaches.map → mrb22\_MRBHM\_reaches\_shd.r2c

△ Lake/reservoir outlets

▽ WSC flow stations



Reach numbering for the Lake Athabaska Delta



Reaches are coded in **lake\_rules.csv**

MRBHM  
Nodes\*

| LongDecin | LatDecima | No  | StationID   | coef1    | coef2    | coef3    | coef4    | coef5    | coef6 | coef7 | coef8 |
|-----------|-----------|-----|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| -121.984  | 55.98456  | 1   | 32_1097.5   | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | -1    |
| -111.281  | 58.79104  | 2   | 21_457      | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | 26    |
| -117.381  | 61.20279  | 3   | 12_1385     | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | 41    |
| -116.055  | 54.201    | 4   | 42_913      | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | -1    |
| -111.917  | 58.93322  | 5   | 31_-66.1    | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | -1    |
| -112.498  | 59.14861  | 6   | 32_5        | 0.00E+00 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.6 | 100   | -1    |
| etc.      |           |     |             |          |          |          |          |          |       |       |       |
| etc.      |           |     |             |          |          |          |          |          |       |       |       |
| -123.474  | 65.144    | 128 | Gr_Bear     | 1.60E-16 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 6.25  | 5.3   | 71.7  |
| -117.758  | 65.598    | 129 | Clut_L      | 1.00E-14 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 107   | 100   | 12    |
| -114.217  | 62.8083   | 130 | Prosperous  | 1.50E-14 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.4 | 100   | 12    |
| -114.756  | 55.305    | 131 | Lssr_Slave_ | 4.00E-15 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 576.4 | 575.7 | 11.4  |
| -117.27   | 63.1444   | 132 | LacLaMatre  | 2.00E-15 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.2 | 100   | 12    |
| -121.131  | 60.757    | 133 | Trout_lake  | 2.00E-13 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 100.3 | 100   | 12    |
| -108.175  | 58.967    | 134 | Davy_Lake   | 1.00E-14 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 102   | 100   | 12    |
| -104.608  | 58.386    | 135 | Theriau_La  | 2.50E-14 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.7 | 100   | 12    |
| -105.539  | 59.147    | 136 | BlackLake   | 1.50E-14 | 1.75E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 101.8 | 100   | 12    |
| etc.      |           |     |             |          |          |          |          |          |       |       |       |
| etc.      |           | 148 | WollastonL  |          |          |          |          |          |       |       |       |

\* Williston Lake, Lake Athabasca & Great Slave Lake  
now have node numbers instead of names.

**Ecrel.exe** reads the lake rules and creates the **resrl\yyyymmdd\_rel.tb0** file:

[illegible]

**SPL.exe** reads the rel files and creates the **MRBHM\MRB\_MASTER\_INFLOWS.tb0** file:

```
#####
:FileType tb0  ASCII  EnSim 1.0
# DataType          Time Series
#
:Application          WATFLOOD
:Version              2.1.23
:WrittenBy            WATROUTE
:CreationDate         2016-05-05  15:21
#
#-----
#
#SourceFile          last spl run
:Name                MRBB_MASTER_INFLOWS
#
:StartTime            2002/1/1      0:00:00
:DeltaT  24:00:00.000  //1 day
#
:ColumnMetaData
  :ColumnType         float         float         float         float         float         etc.....
  :ColumnName         32_1097.5     21_457         12_1385        42_913        31_-66.1
:EndColumnMetaData
#
:endHeader

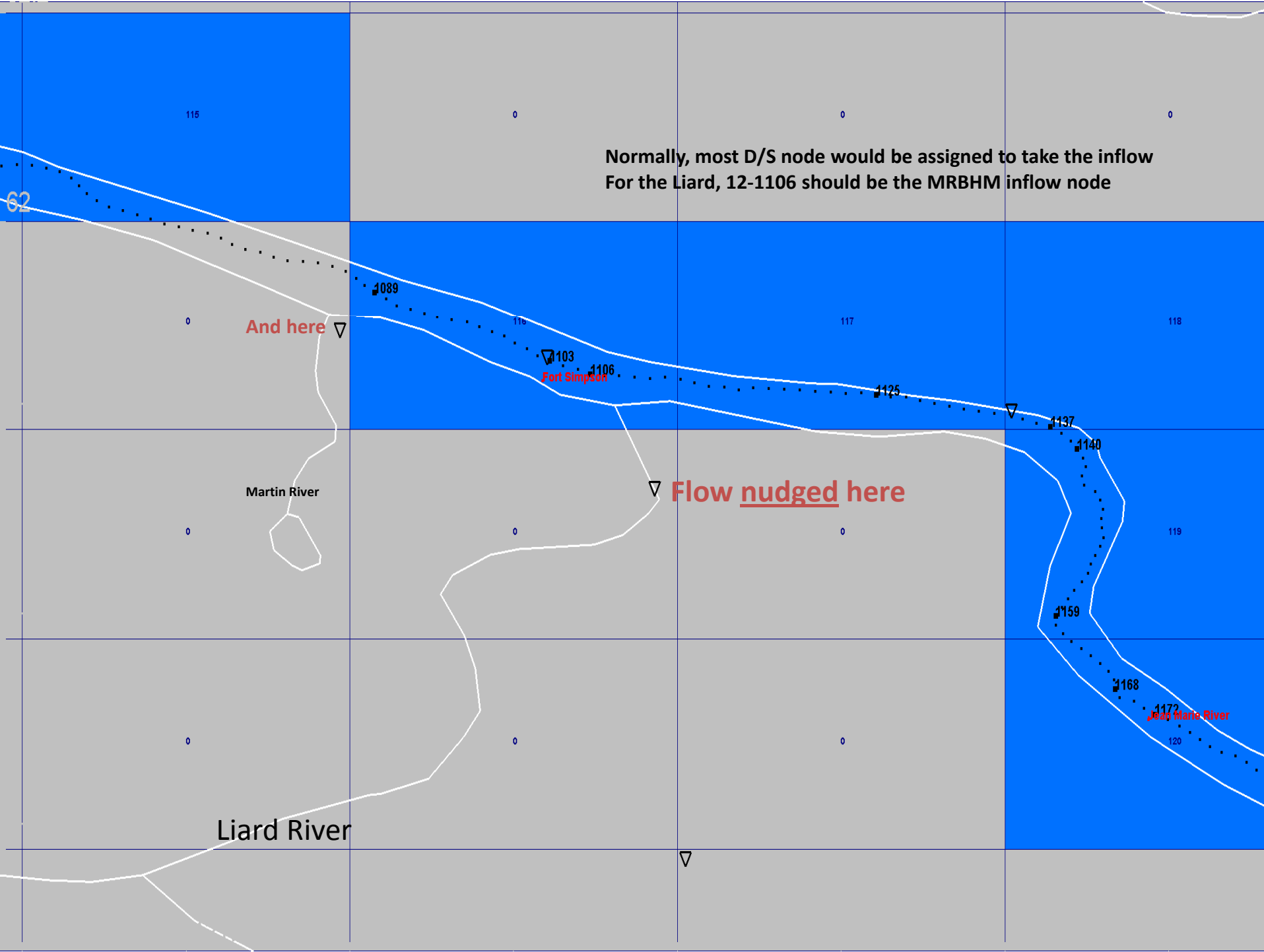
1712.189      732.423      914.719      38.683      119.280
1651.362      461.675      608.485      37.220      106.546
1621.427      394.103      578.785      36.142      81.707
1630.175      359.028      565.982      35.476      62.541
1570.731      331.953      508.793      36.166      50.072
1572.159      331.186      551.208      37.132      41.126
1613.432      321.230      513.030      40.925      35.191
etc.
```

Hudson Hope    Slave R.    Mack. R.    Athabaska R.    Peace Pt.

# Modelling Results

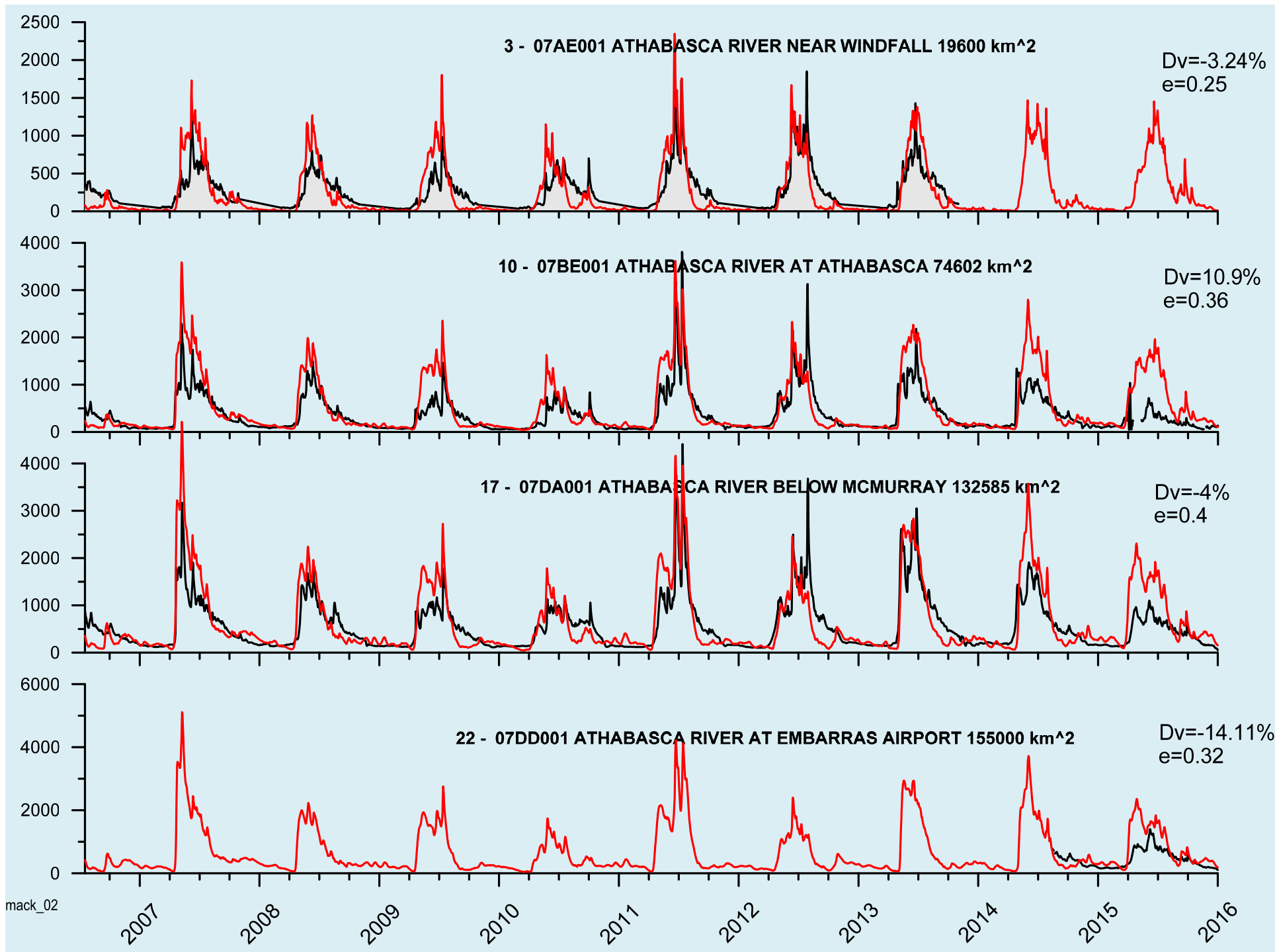
1. not – nudged
2. nudged

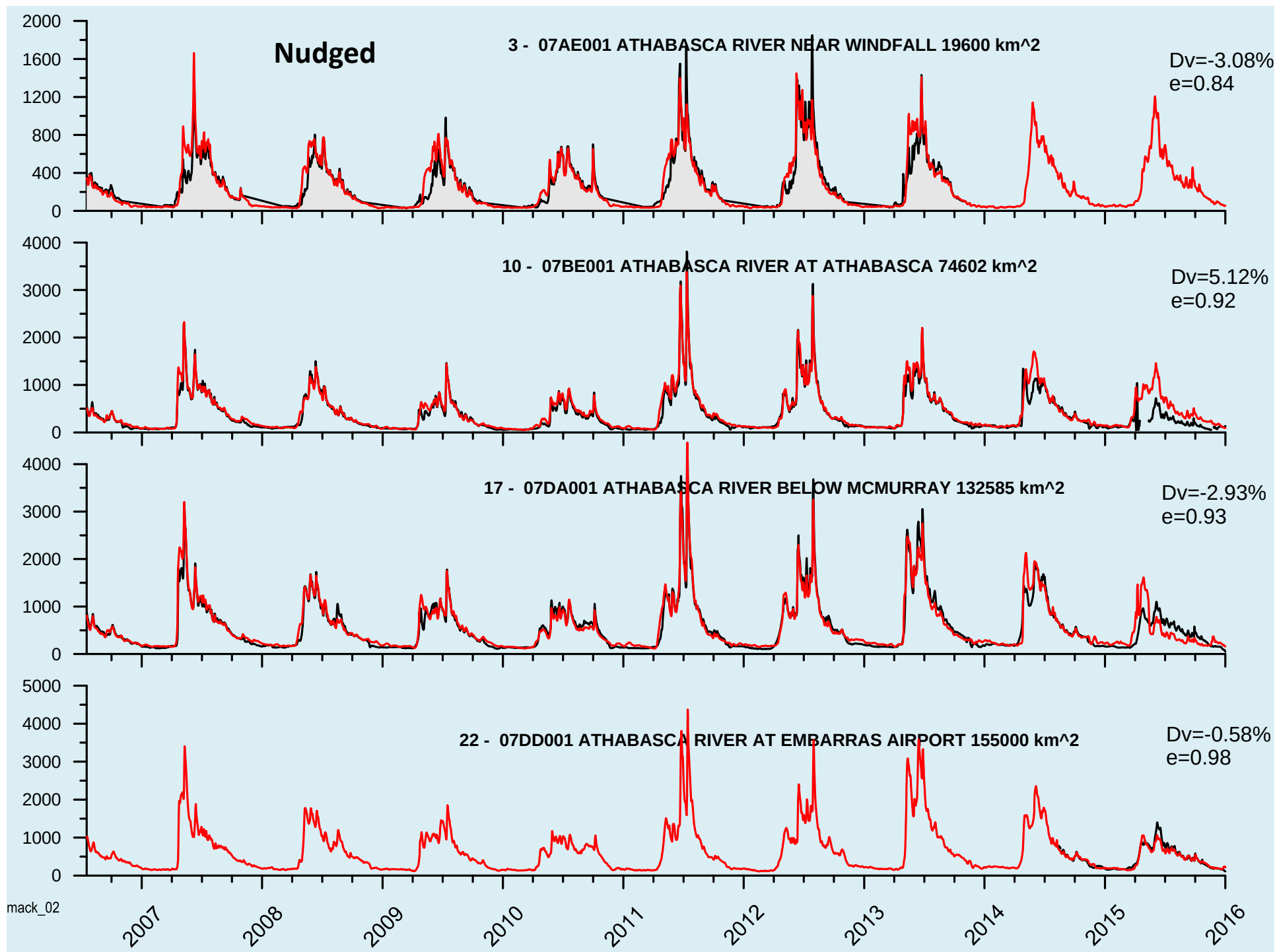




# Comparison of WATFLOOD model flows with nudged flows

- Pairs of hydrographs

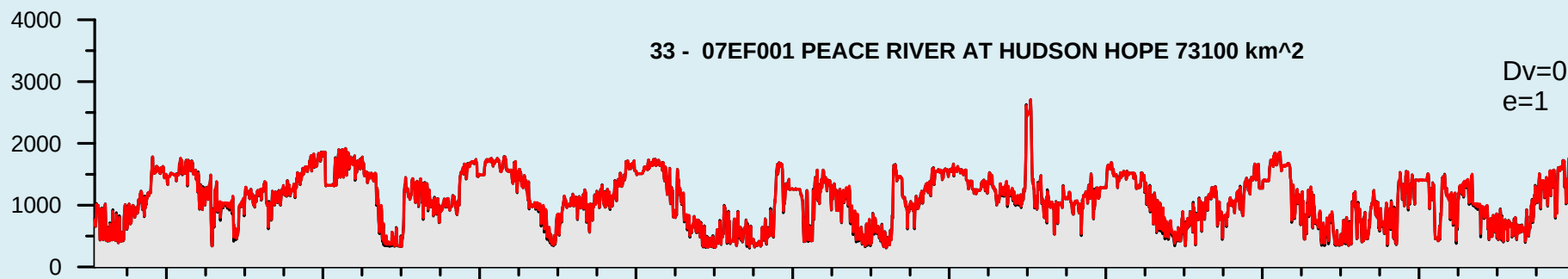






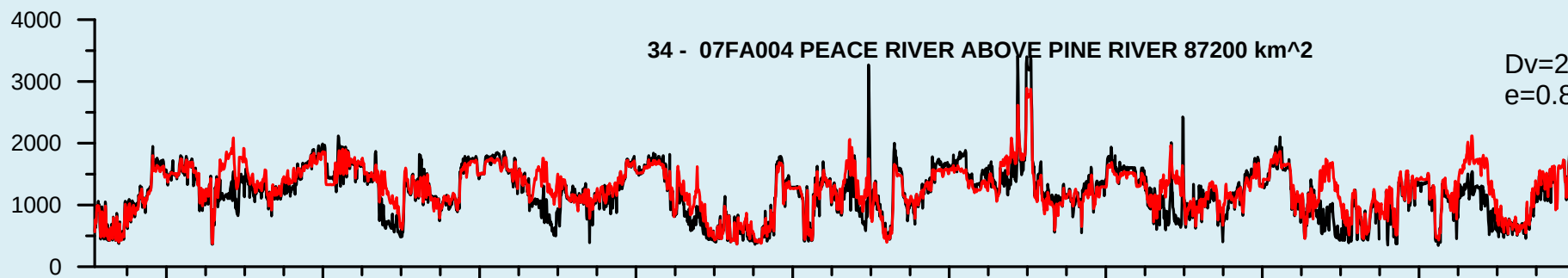
33 - 07EF001 PEACE RIVER AT HUDSON HOPE 73100 km<sup>2</sup>

Dv=0.31%  
e=1



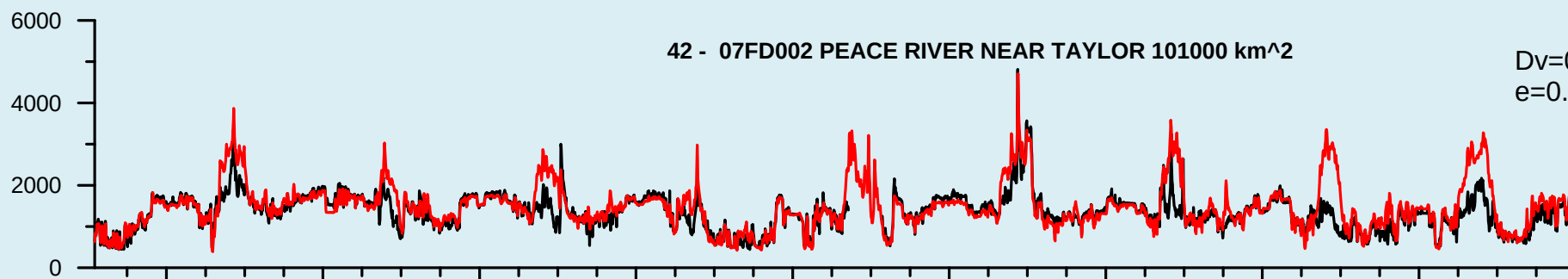
34 - 07FA004 PEACE RIVER ABOVE PINE RIVER 87200 km<sup>2</sup>

Dv=2.61%  
e=0.85



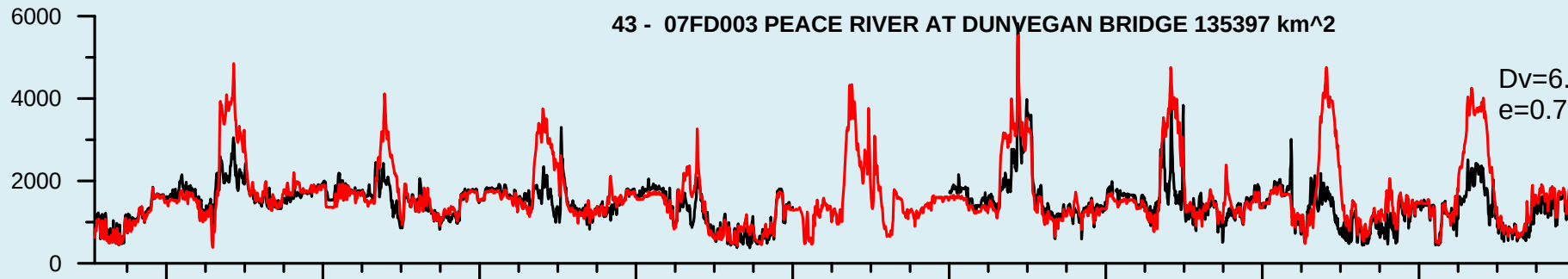
42 - 07FD002 PEACE RIVER NEAR TAYLOR 101000 km<sup>2</sup>

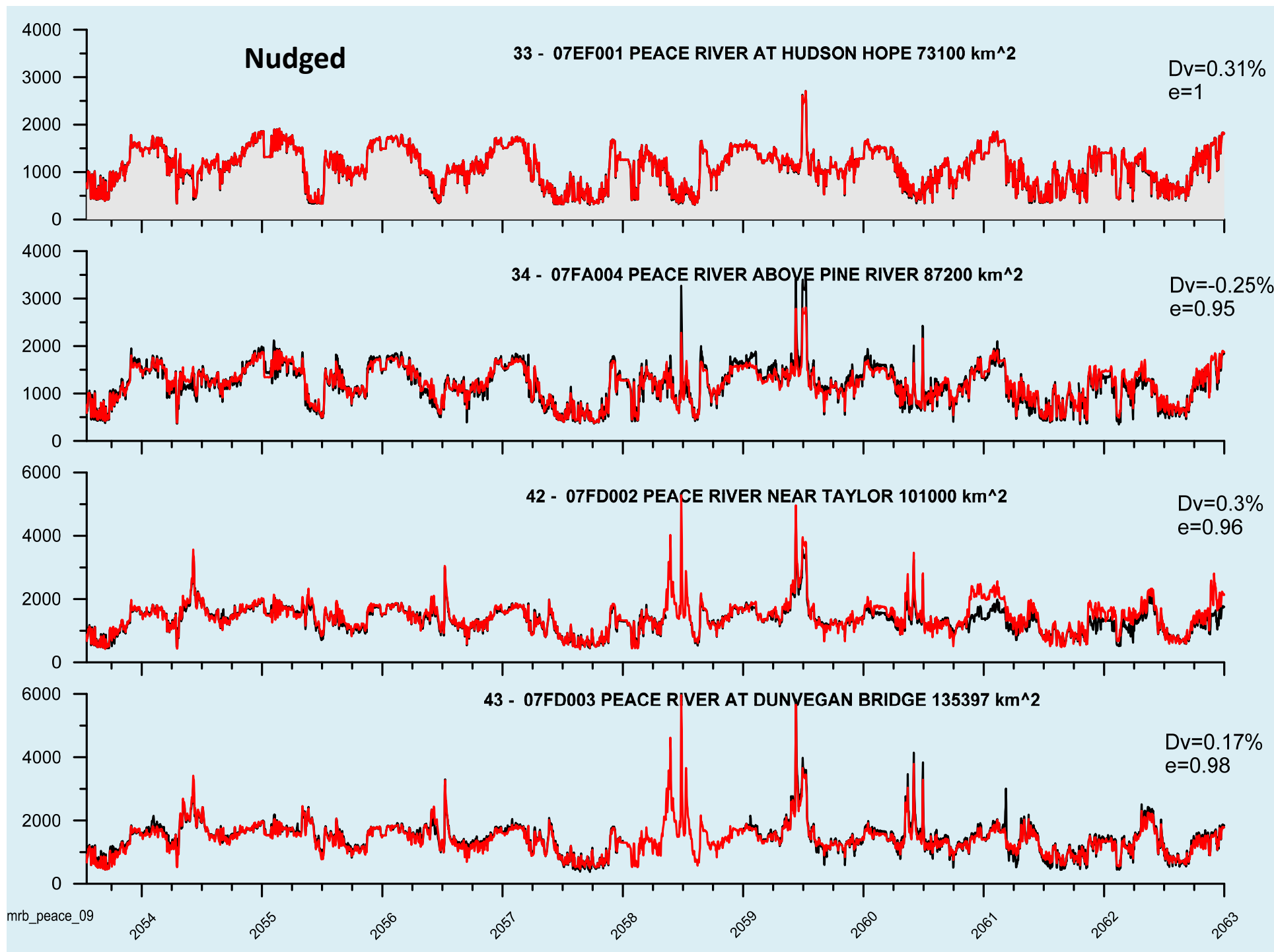
Dv=0.51%  
e=0.87

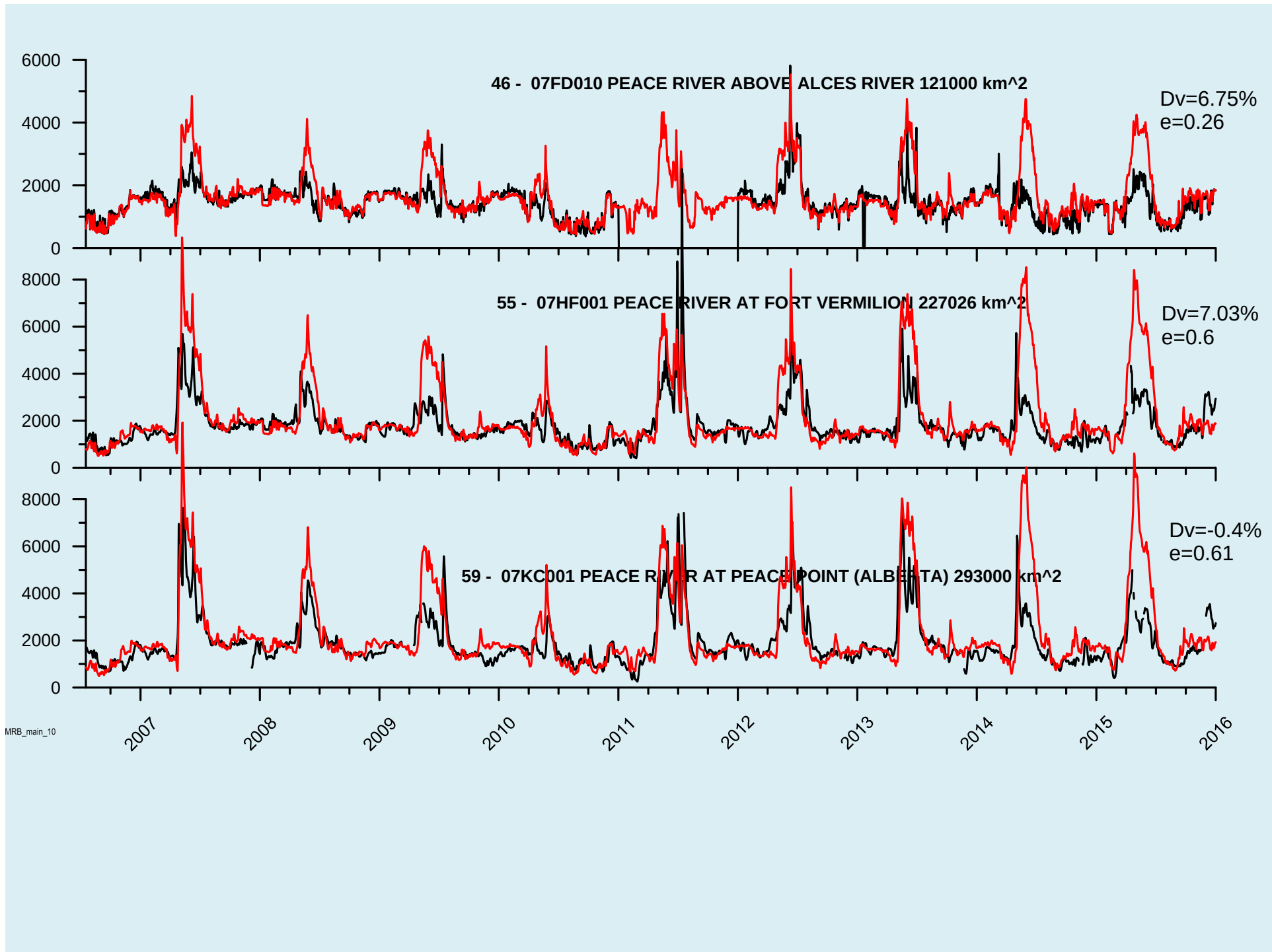


43 - 07FD003 PEACE RIVER AT DUNVEGAN BRIDGE 135397 km<sup>2</sup>

Dv=6.49%  
e=0.7



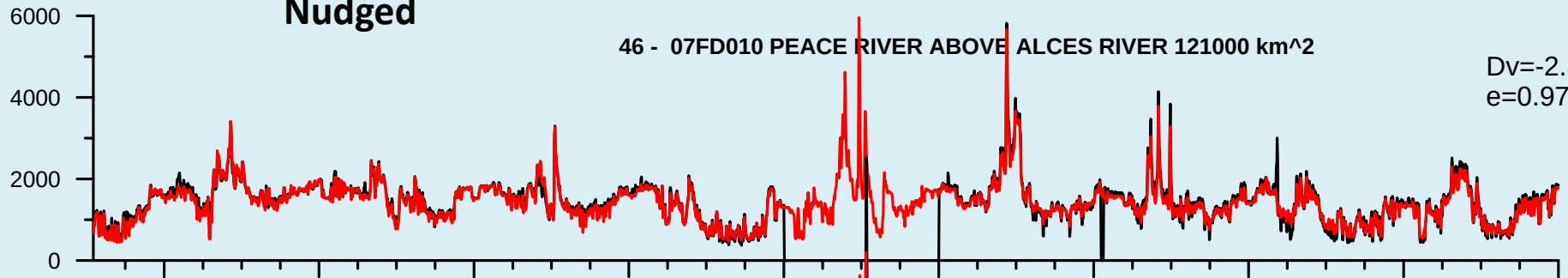




## Nudged

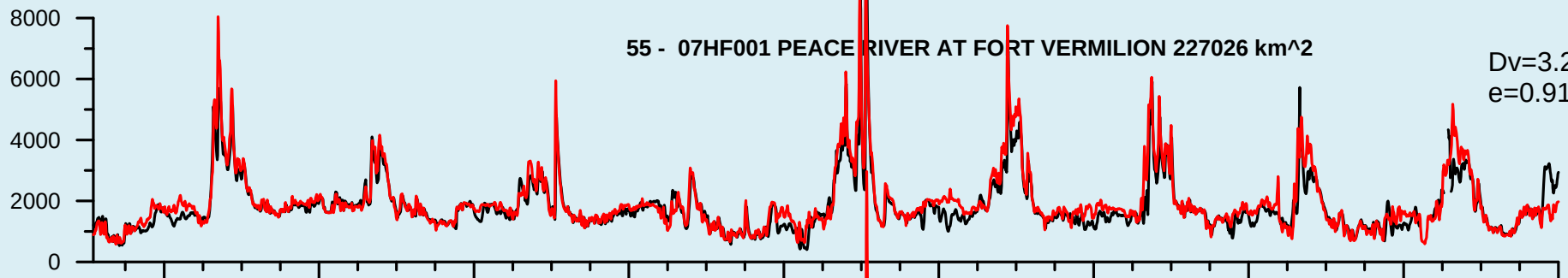
46 - 07FD010 PEACE RIVER ABOVE ALCES RIVER 121000 km<sup>2</sup>

Dv=-2.35%  
e=0.97



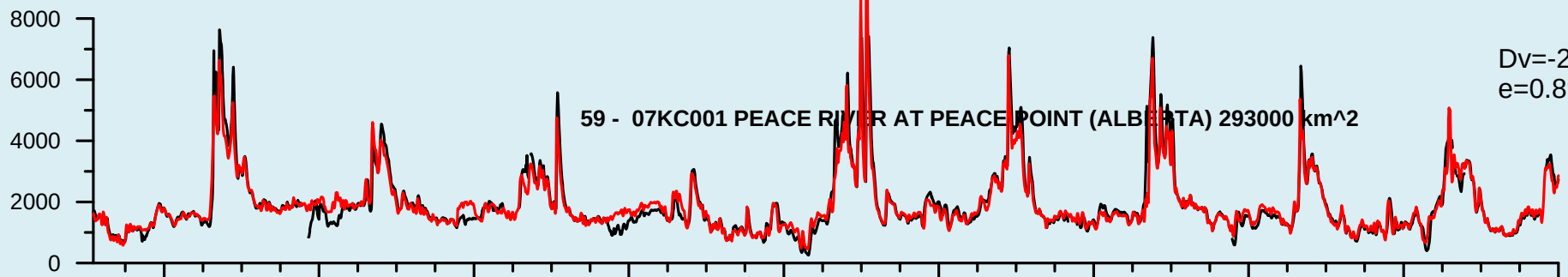
55 - 07HF001 PEACE RIVER AT FORT VERMILION 227026 km<sup>2</sup>

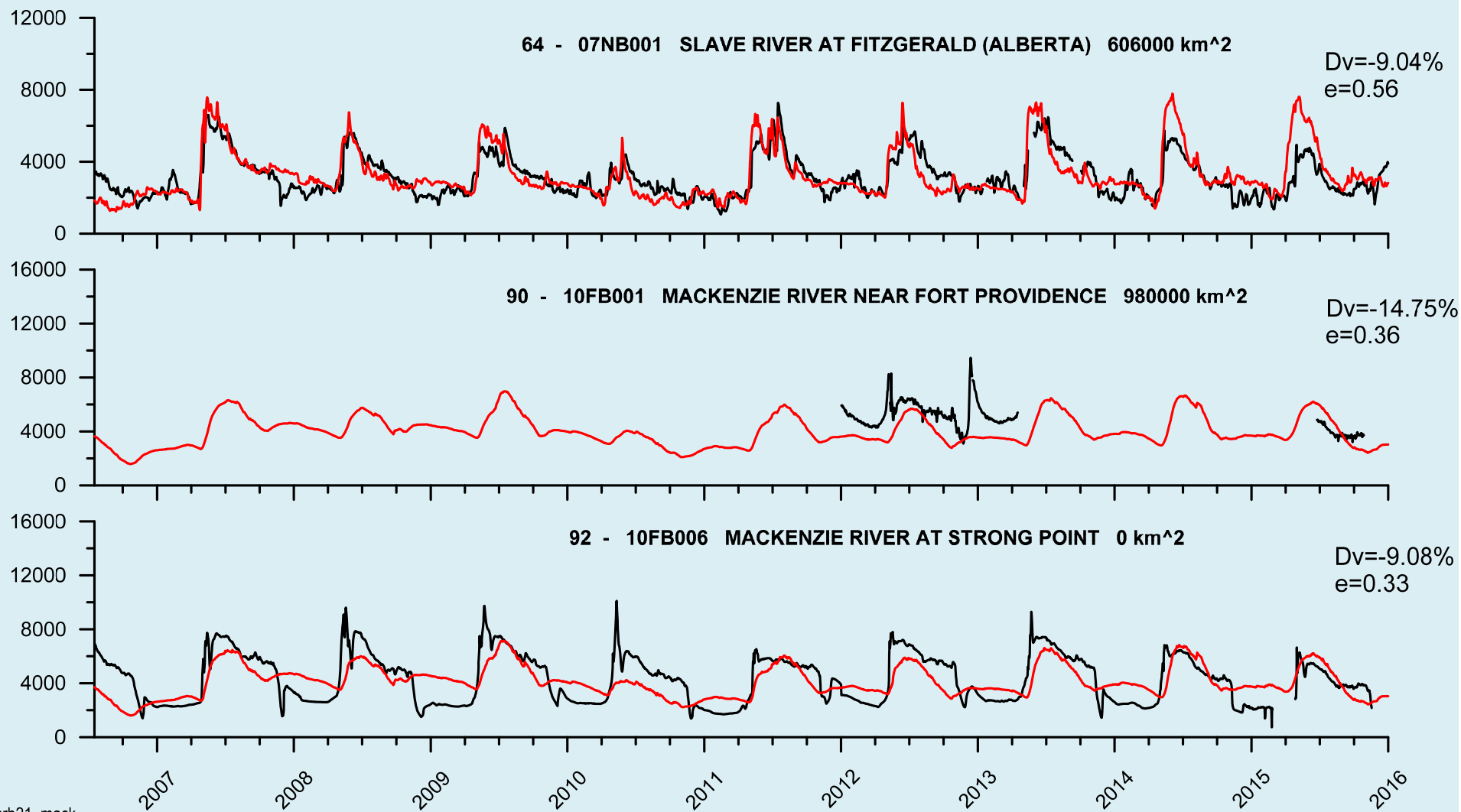
Dv=3.22%  
e=0.91



59 - 07KC001 PEACE RIVER AT PEACE POINT (ALBERTA) 293000 km<sup>2</sup>

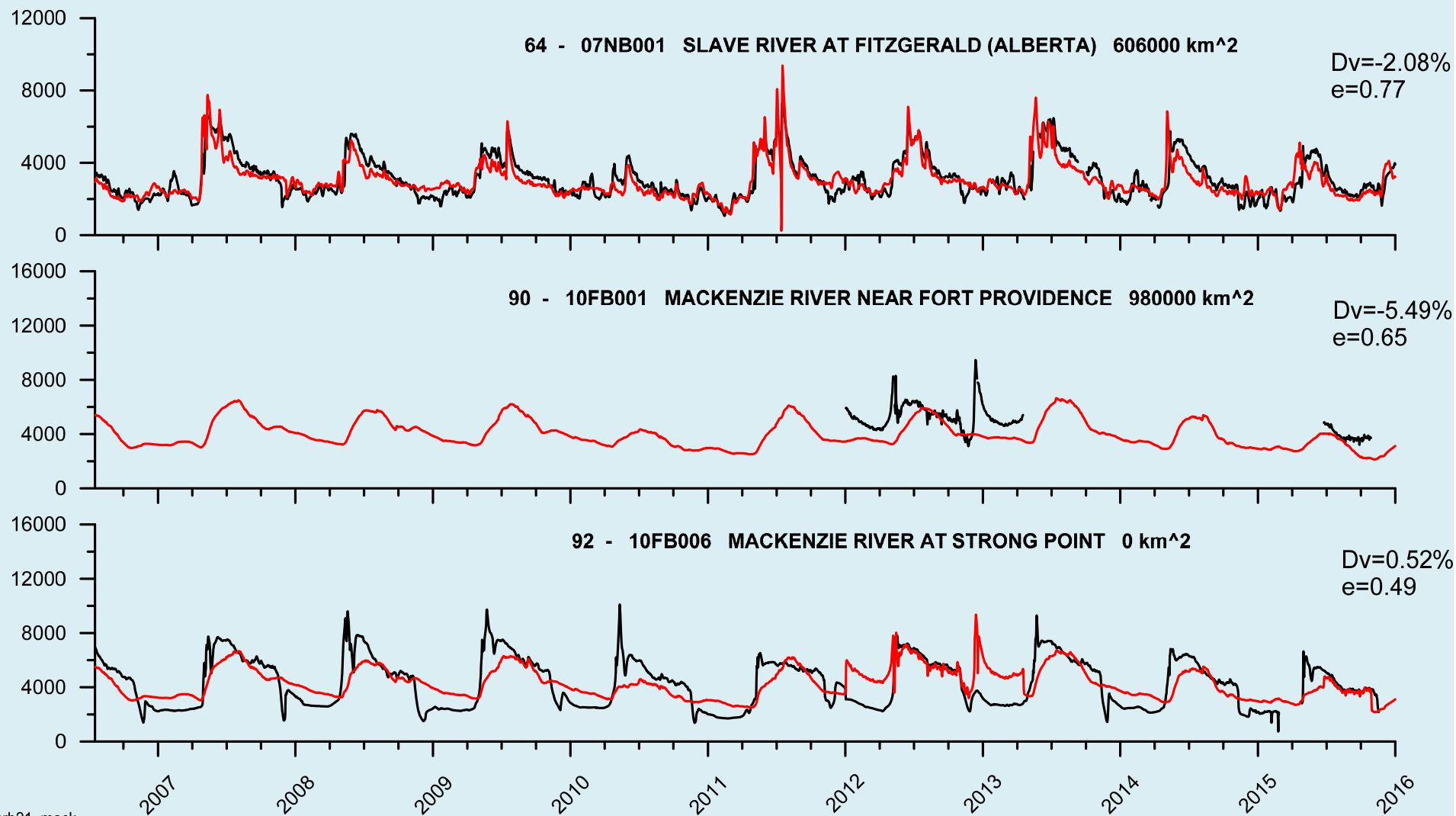
Dv=-2.38%  
e=0.89

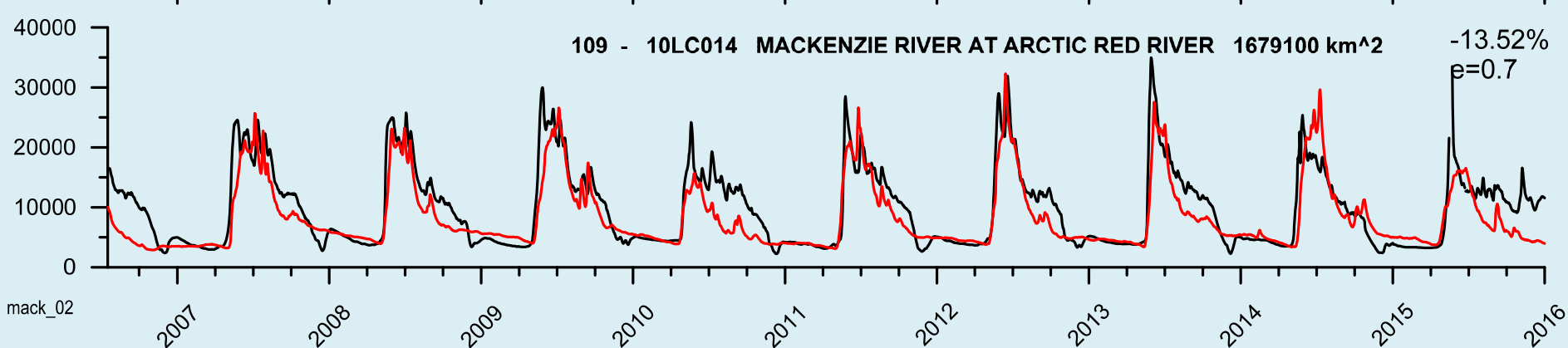
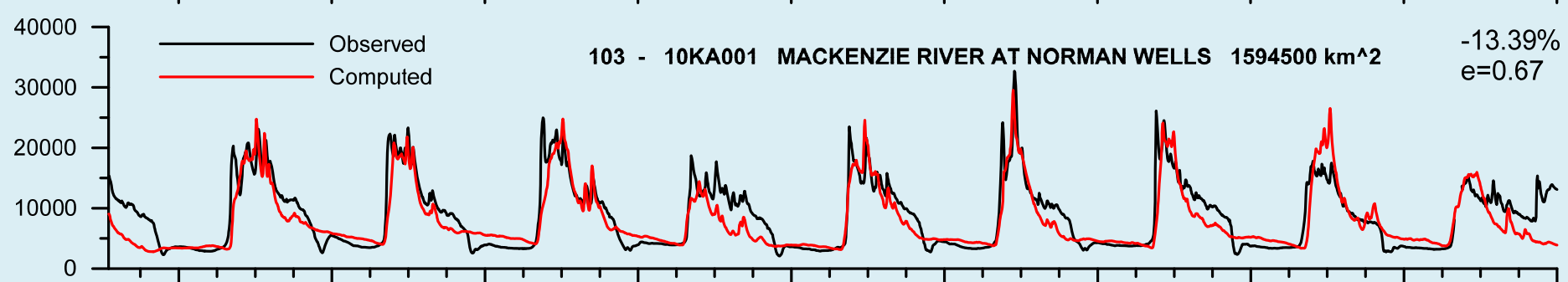
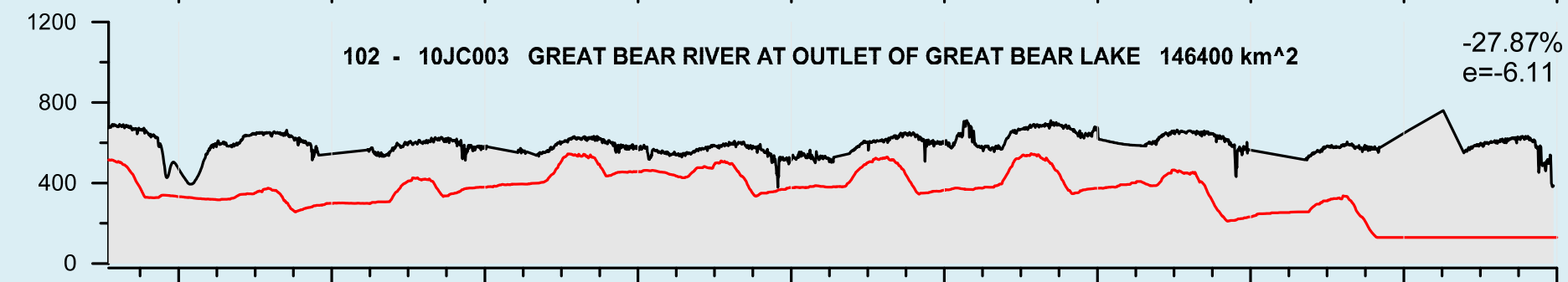
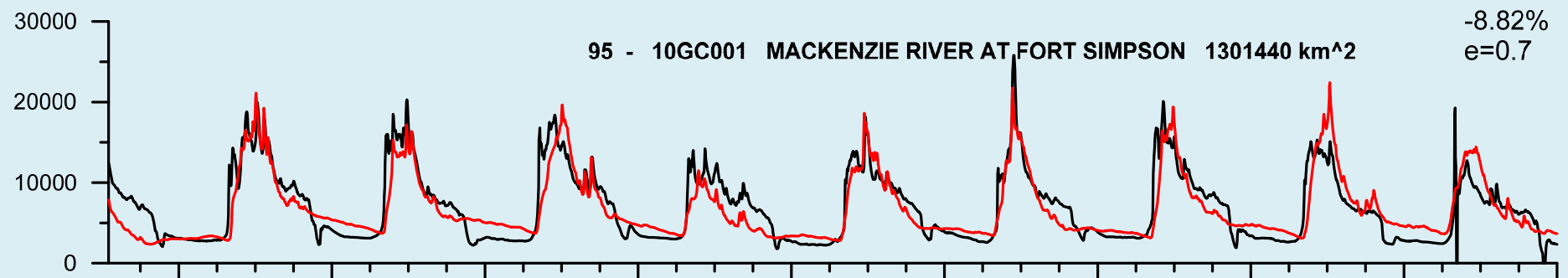


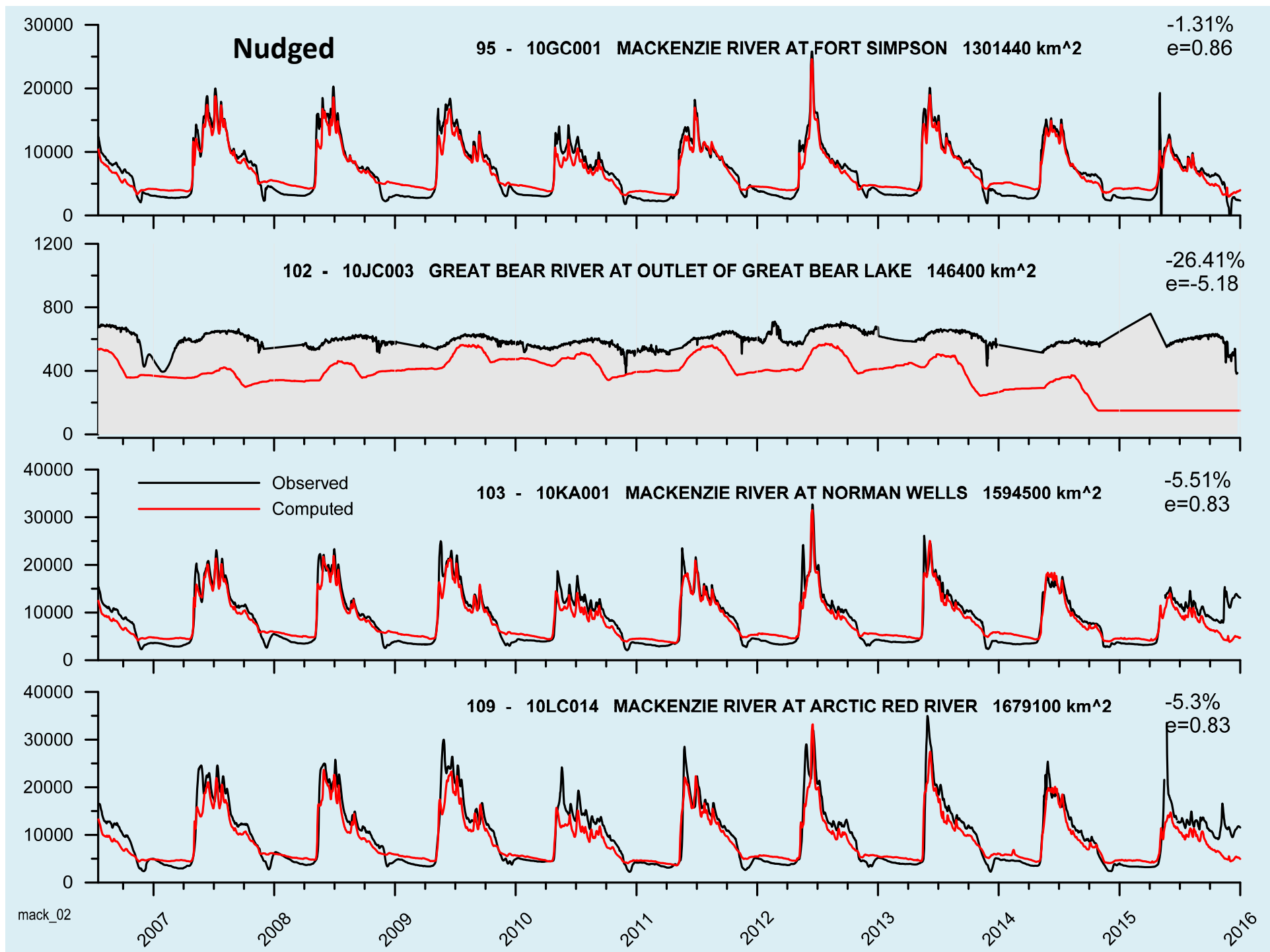


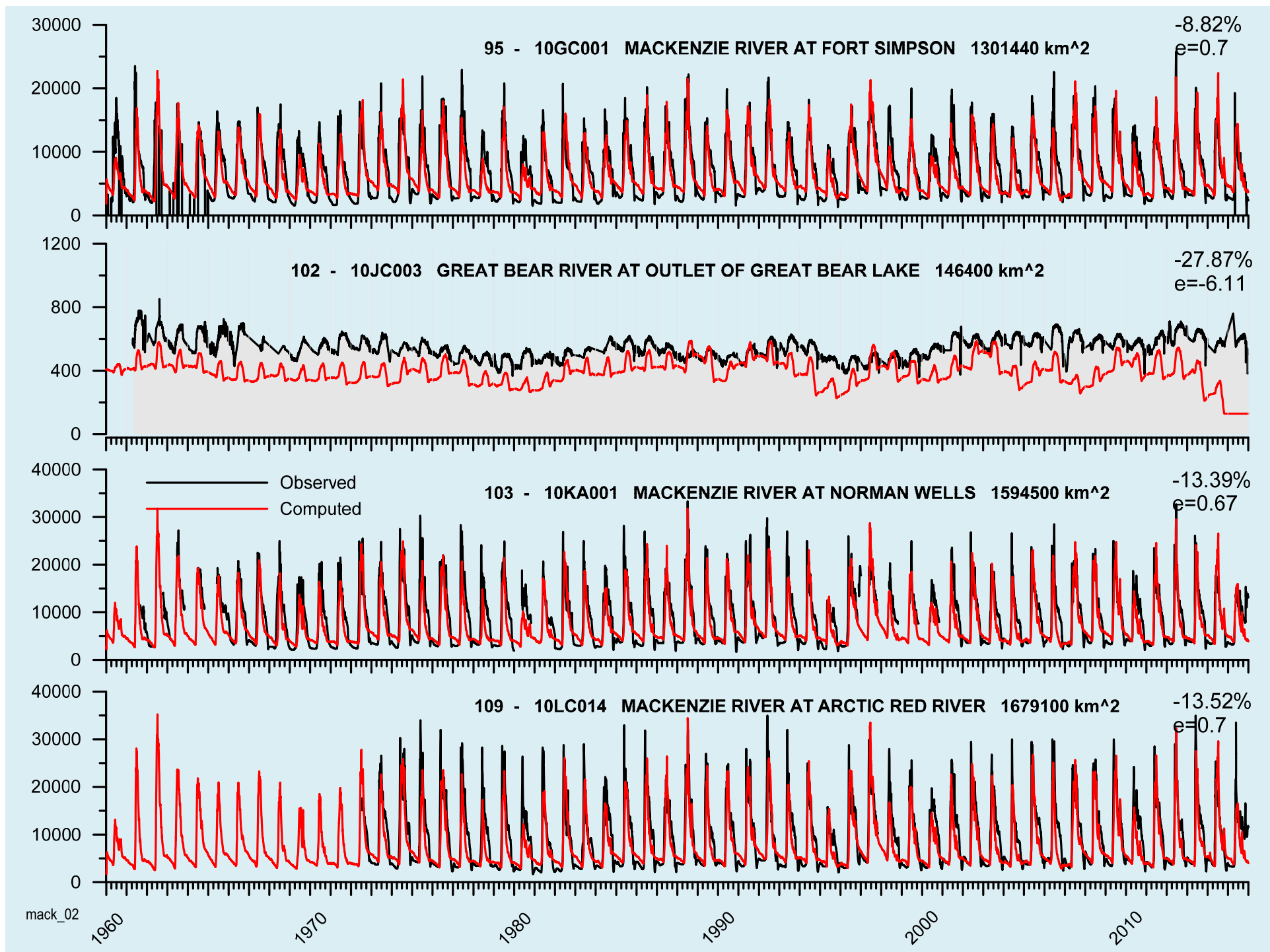


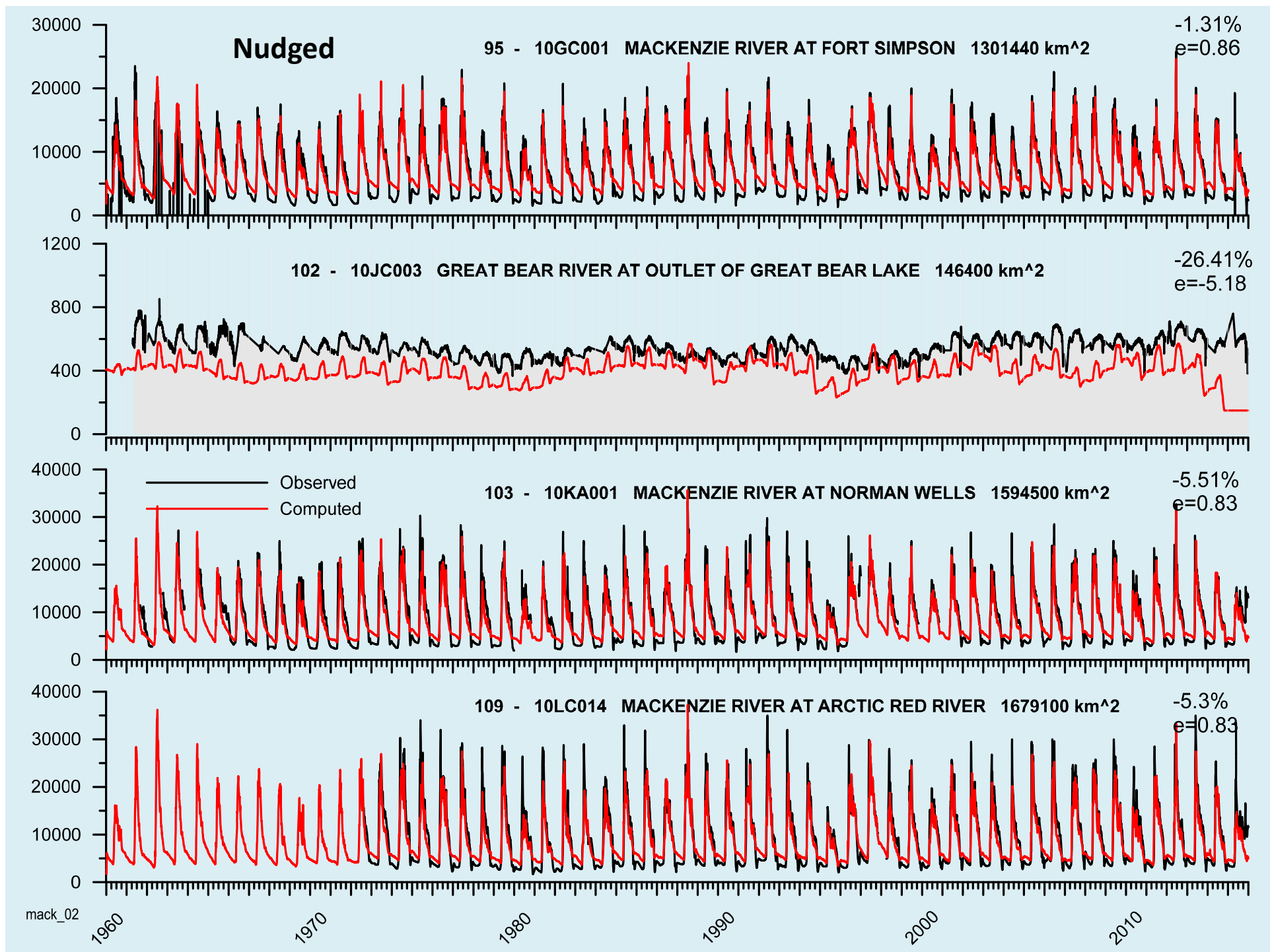
## Nudged

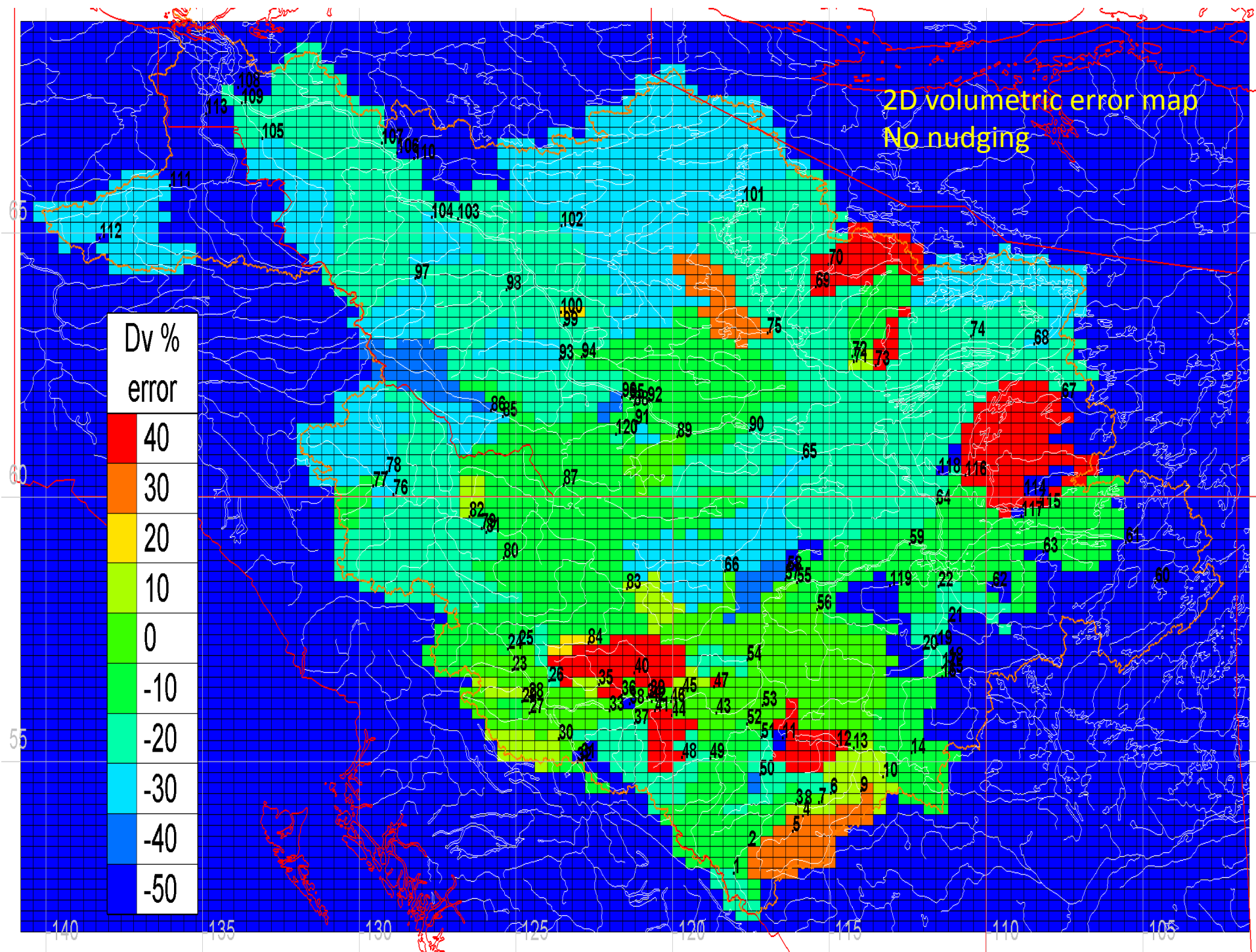




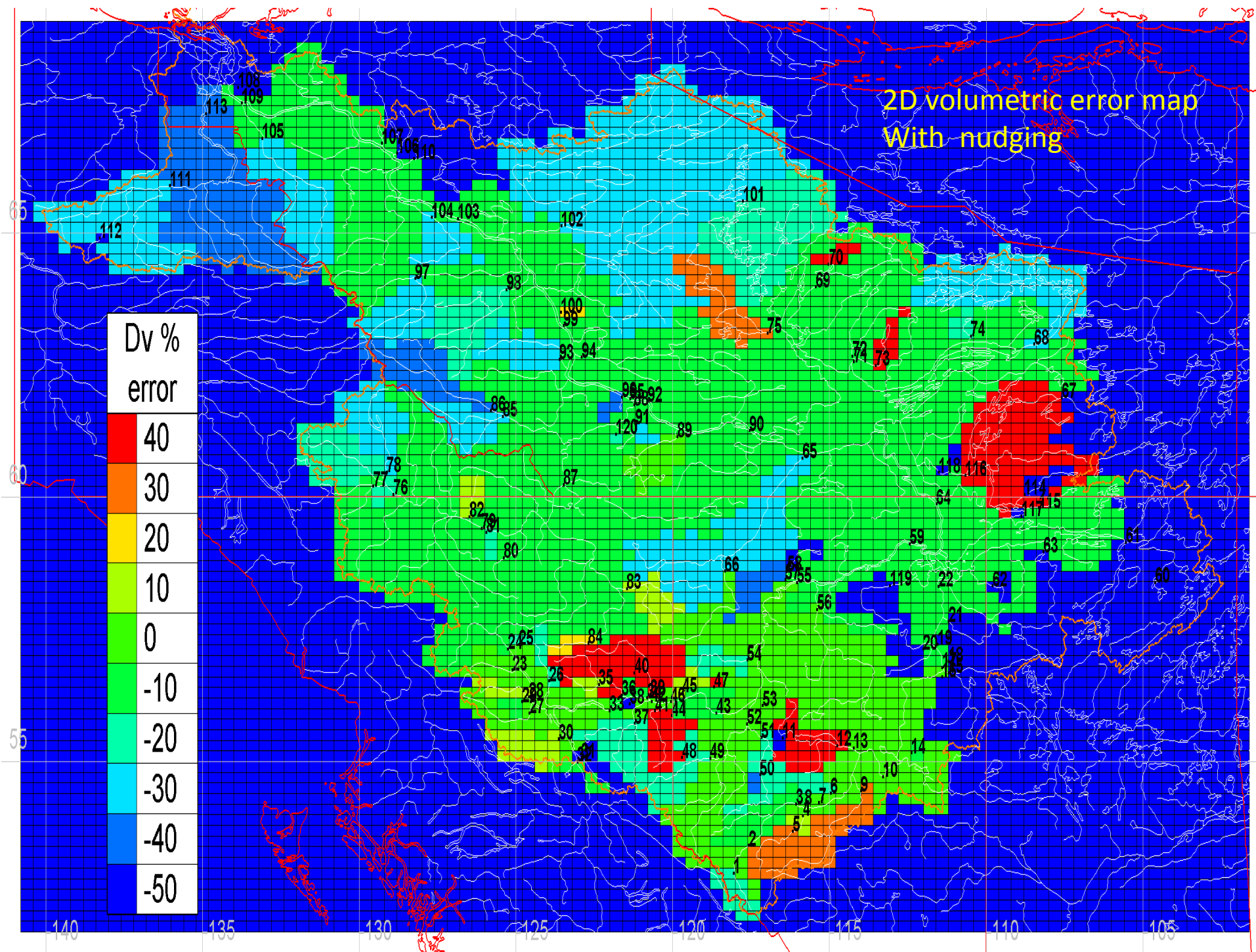






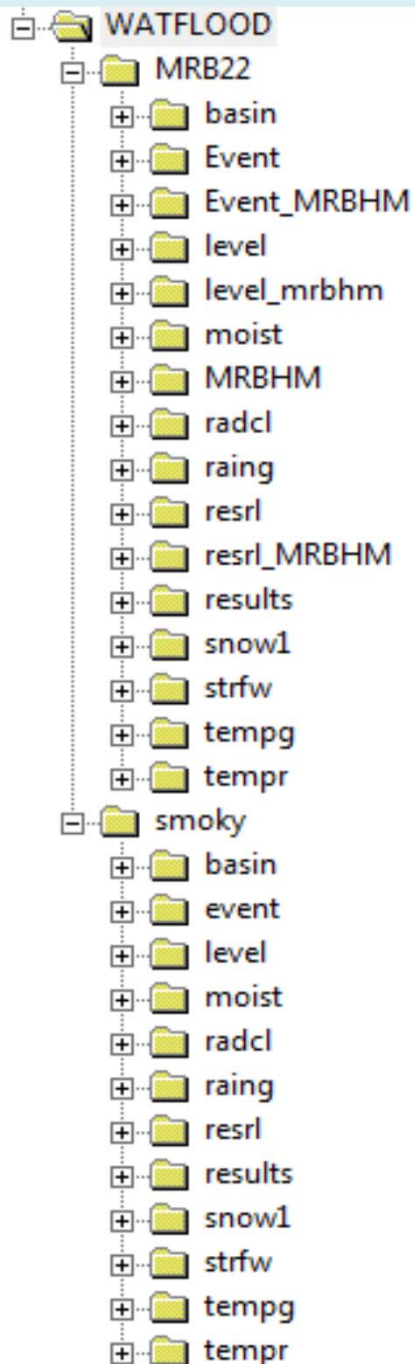






# Model Setup

The DVD has data for 2 watersheds:  
the whole MRB and the Smoky river



- The file structure is explained in Section 1.1.3 of the WATFLOOD manual. Each type of data file is in a separate directory.
- It is recommended that the WATFLOOD directory be in the root directory on the C: drive and that it be in the computer's path so all executables can be put there.
- Each watershed model has its own directory under WATFLOOD
- Names are meant to be self-explanatory:
  - basin for watershed files
  - event is for config files
  - level is for water level data
  - moist is for initial moisture
  - MRBHM for the master inflow file
  - radcl for gridded precip.
  - raing for point precip
  - resrl for reservoir/lake rules & releases
  - results for model output
  - snow1 for SWE data
  - strfw for flow data
  - tempg for point temperatures
  - tempr for gridded temperature
- For the MRBHM there are 3 extra directories as in addition to the lakes(=reaches) that are normally incorporated in the watershed file, there are additional reaches needed to create inflows at the inflow nodes of the MRBHM. This requires separate files for the level and reservoir data for each reach
- The 2 sets of event files point to the respective sets of files
- the MRBHM directory receives the MRB\_master\_inflow.tb0 file

1. Create a directory called WATFLOOD – preferably in the root of C:
2. Copy the MRB22.zip & Smoky.zip files into the C:\WATFLOOD directory
3. Extract these files “HERE” (or maybe the DVD will have un-zipped files in which case no need to unzip) (Not decided at time of writing)

Lunch maybe?