



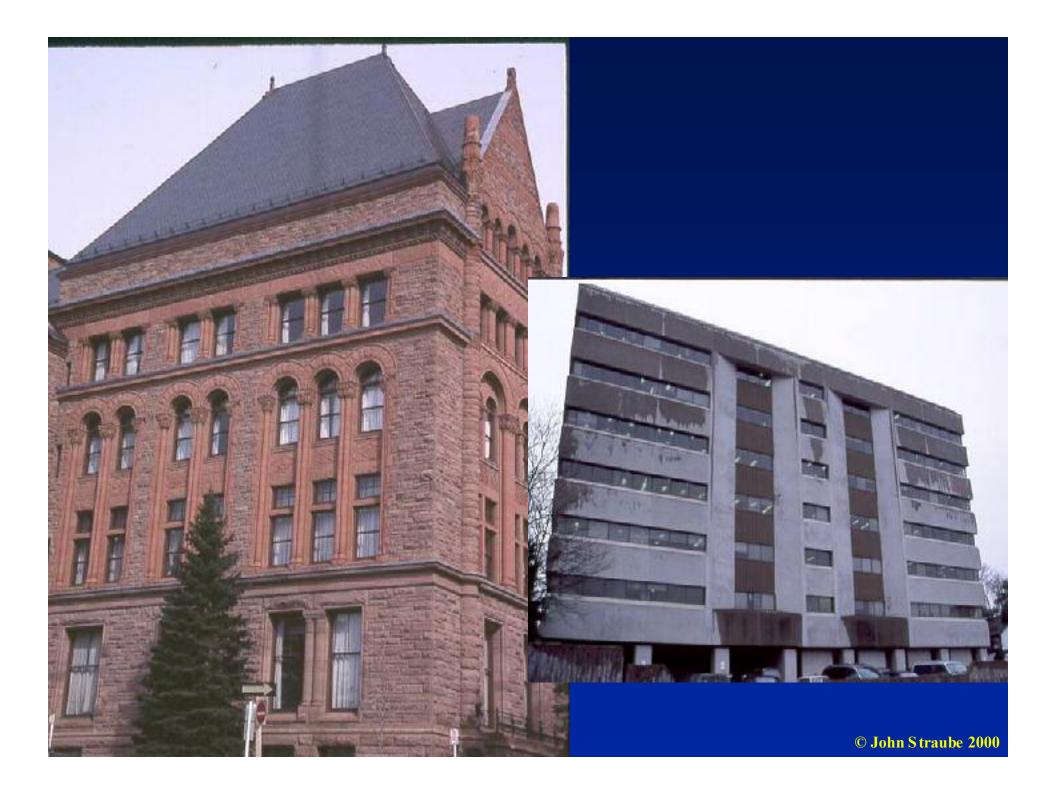
Structure

- Resist self-weight and imposed loads w/o excessive deformations
- Structural Load Classifications
 - Dead (self weight of built-in items)
 - Live (occupancy, wind, earthquake, traffic, etc)
- More useful
 - Lateral loads (wind, EQ)
 - Vertical loads (gravity)

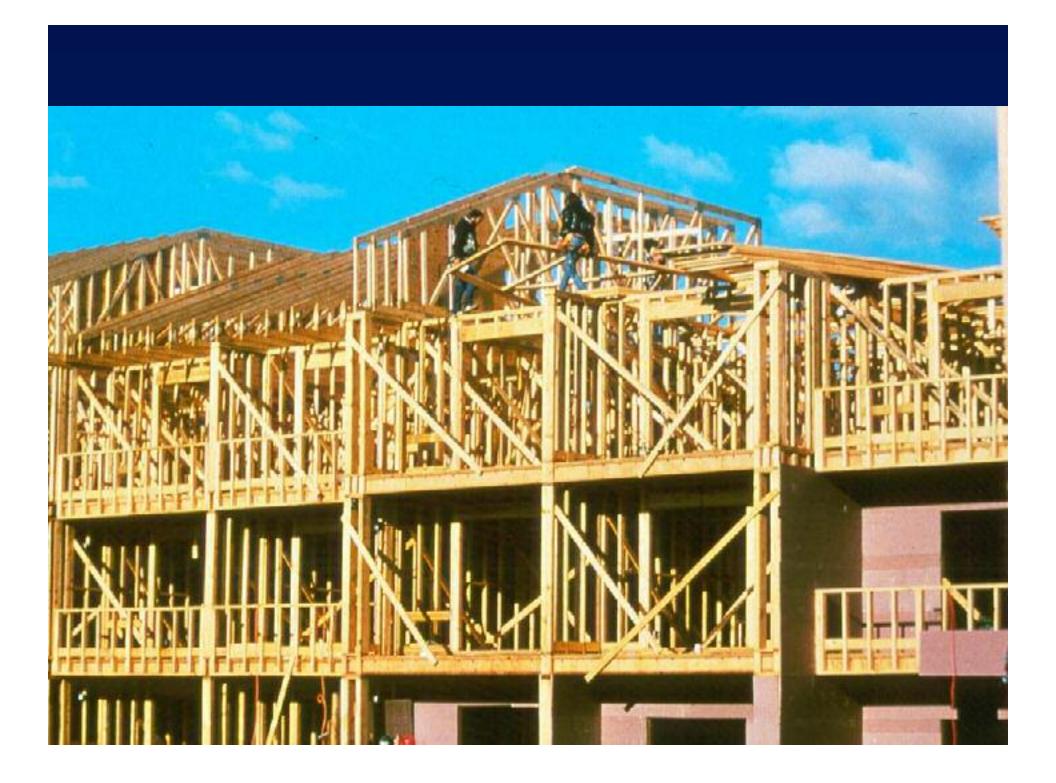












Resolve Loads

Lateral LoadsGravity Loads

Then

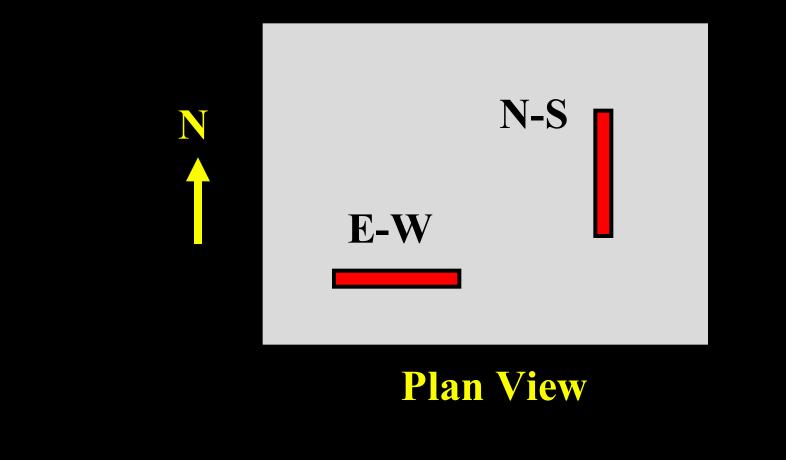
X

Z

- Structure -frame, shear wall
- Element beam
- Section I, circle, square
- Material wood, steel, conc

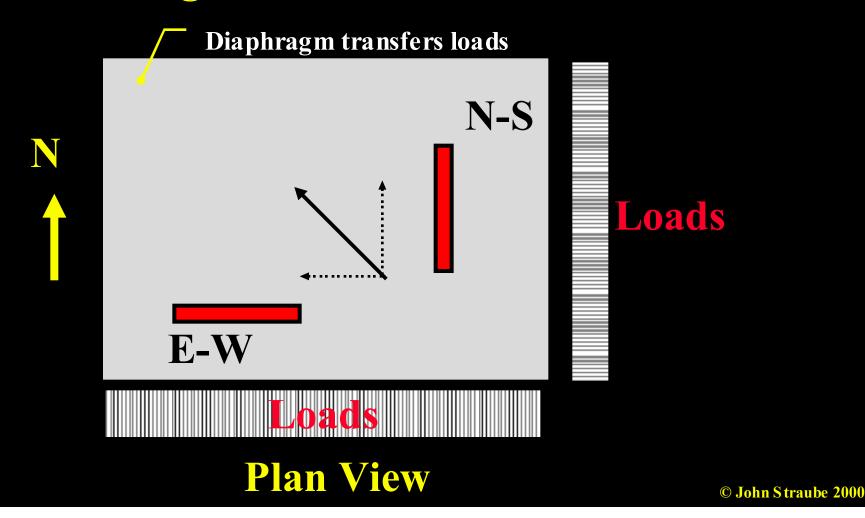
Lateral Loads

Provide resistance in two perpendicular directions

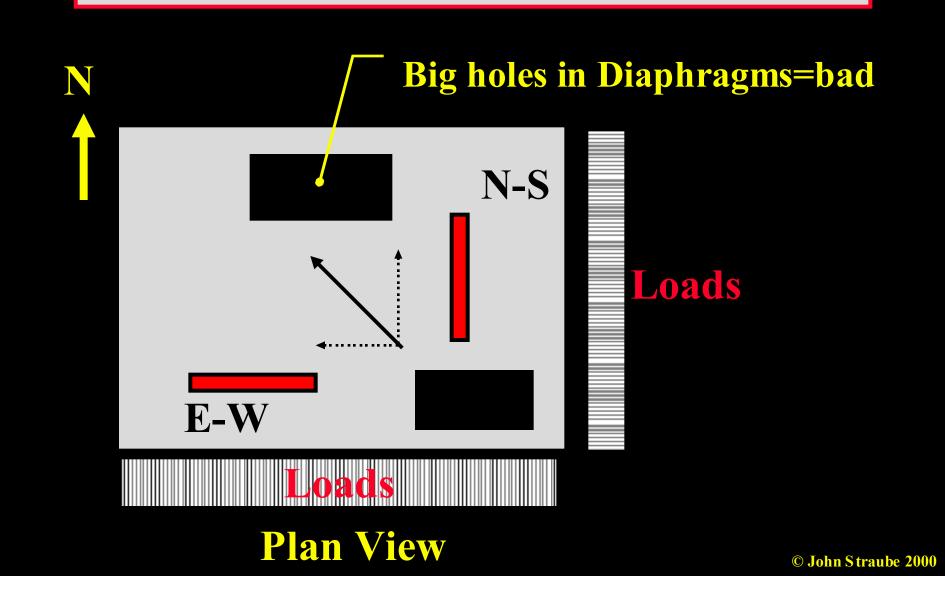




Diagonal Loads are Shared

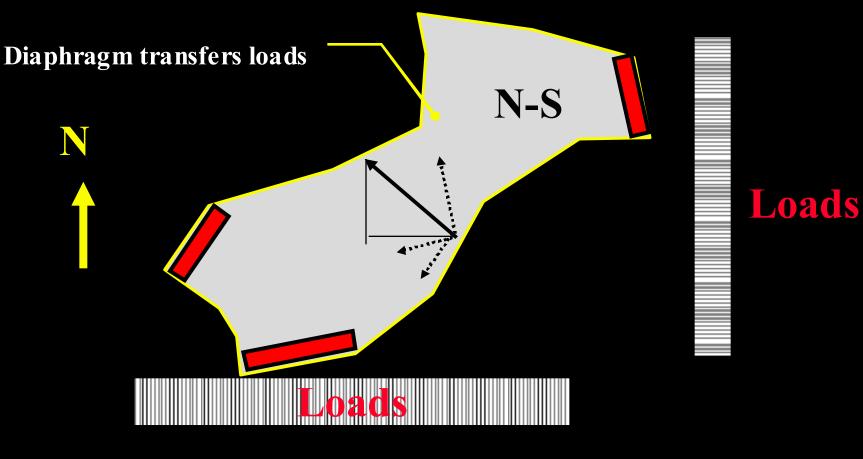


Lateral Loads: Diaphragms

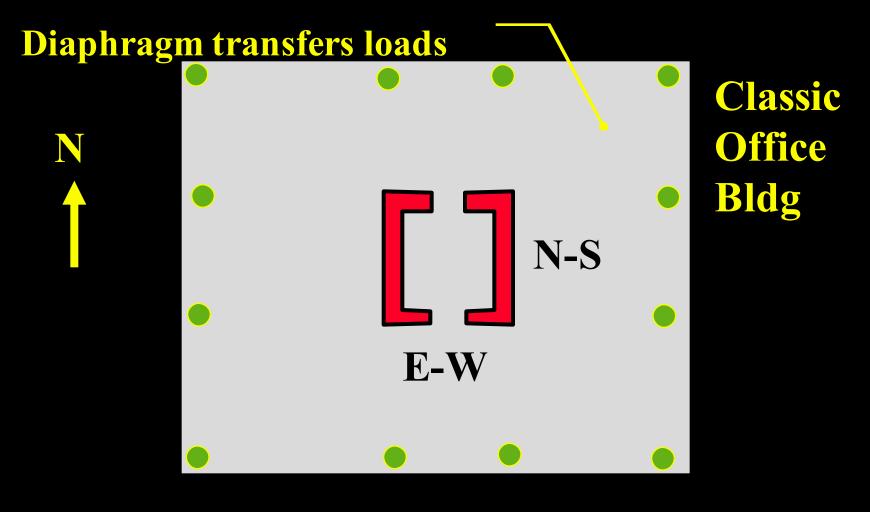


Lateral Loads: Odd Shapes

Provide resistance in two perpendicular directions

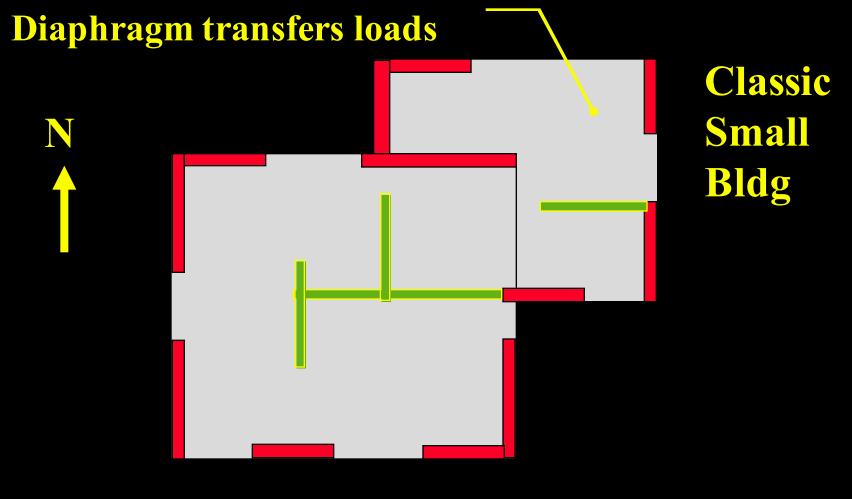


Lateral Load Resisting Systems



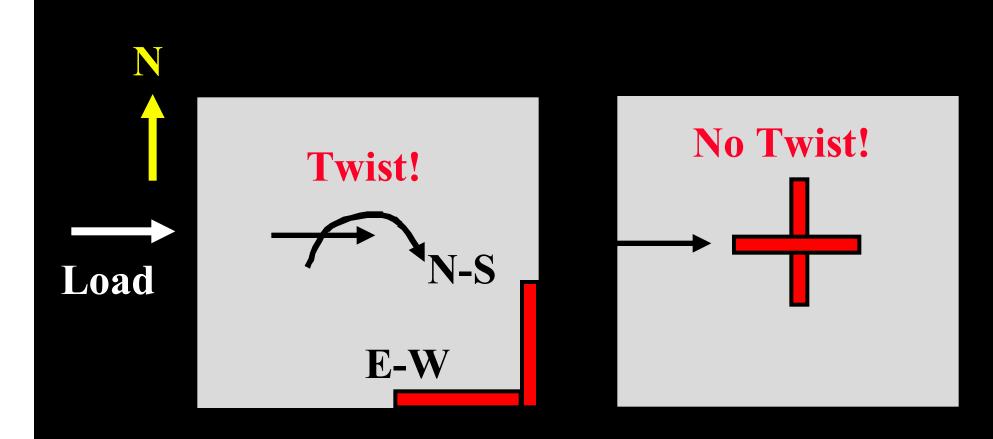
Plan View

Lateral Load Resisting Systems

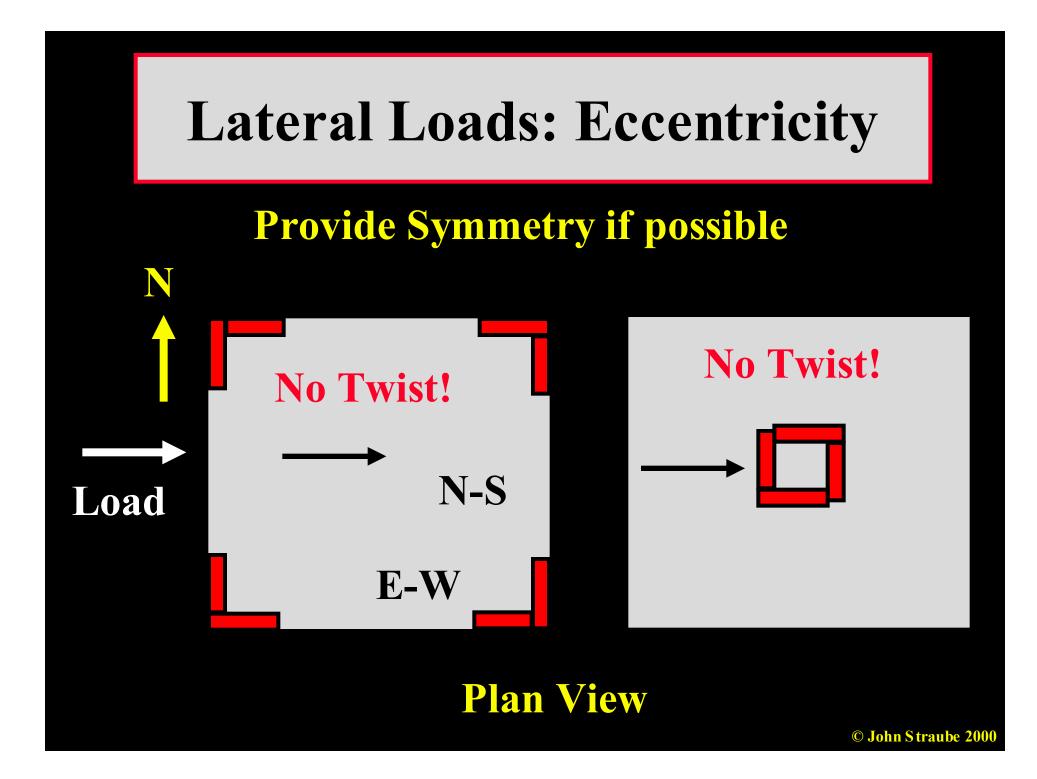


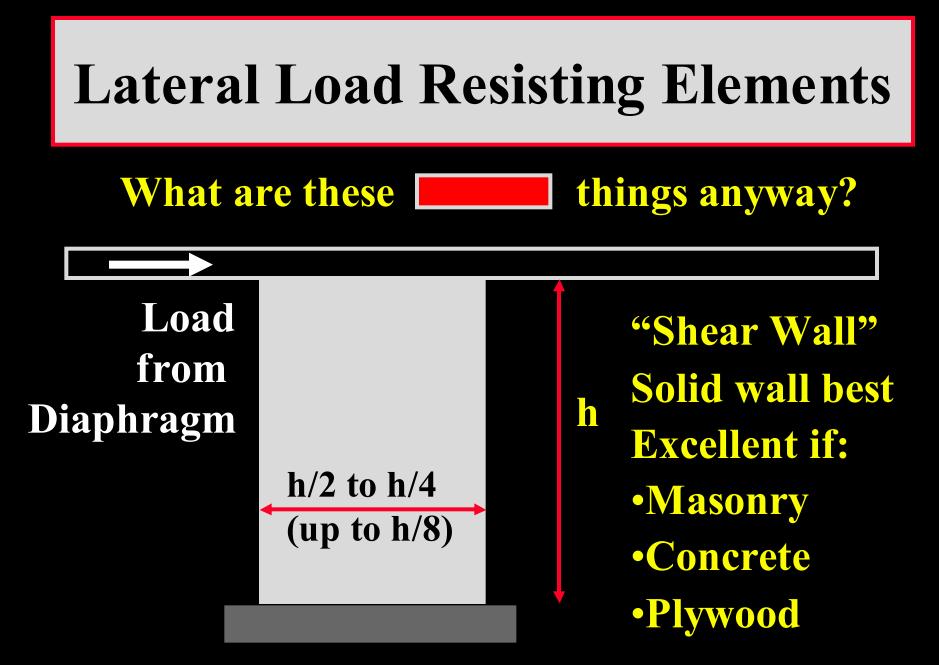
Plan View

Lateral Loads: Eccentricity

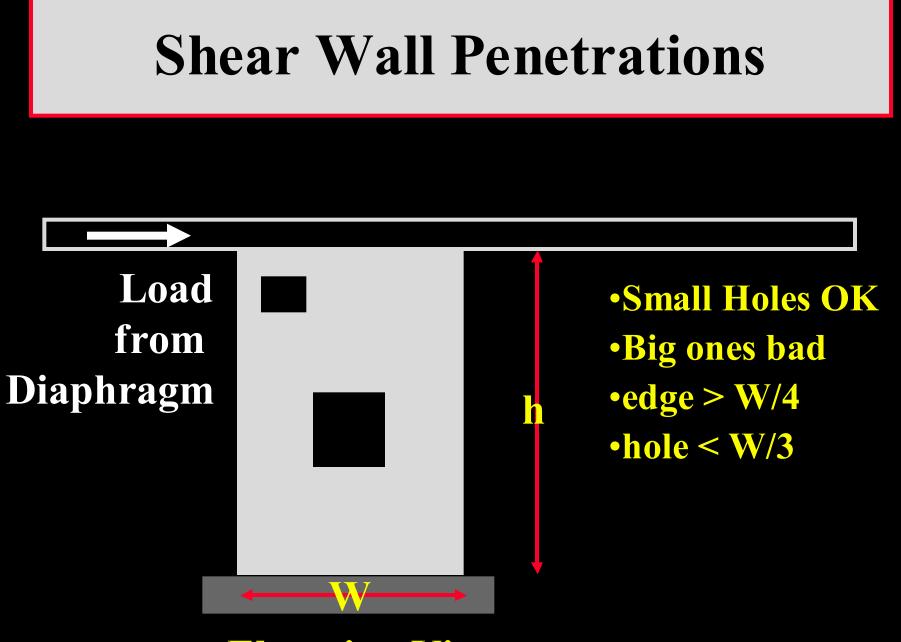


Plan View





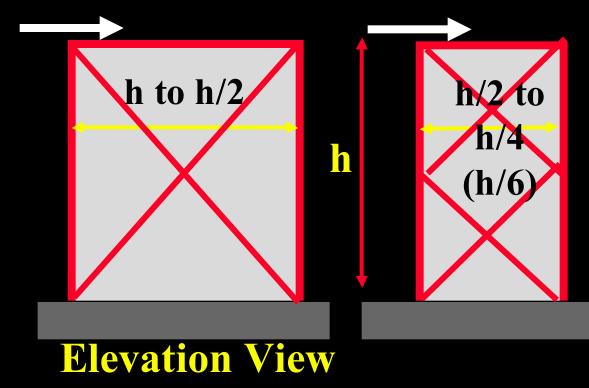
Elevation View



Elevation View



Load from Diaphragm



"Braced Wall"Good if:SteelSteel+Wood

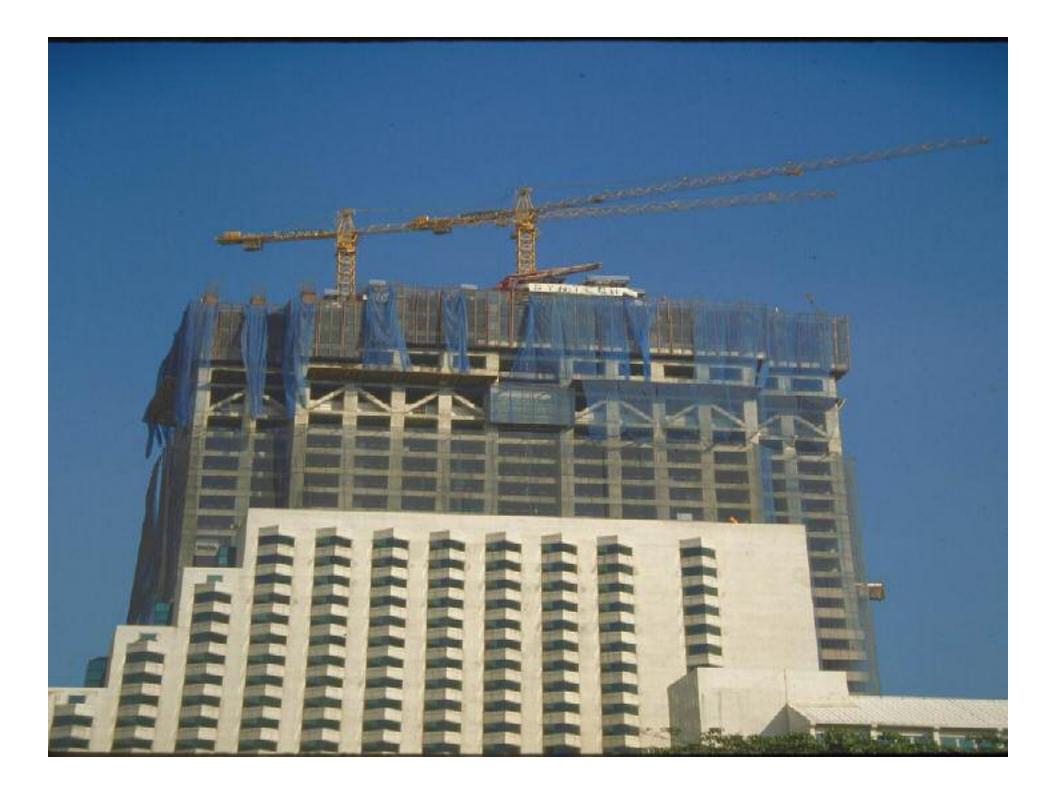








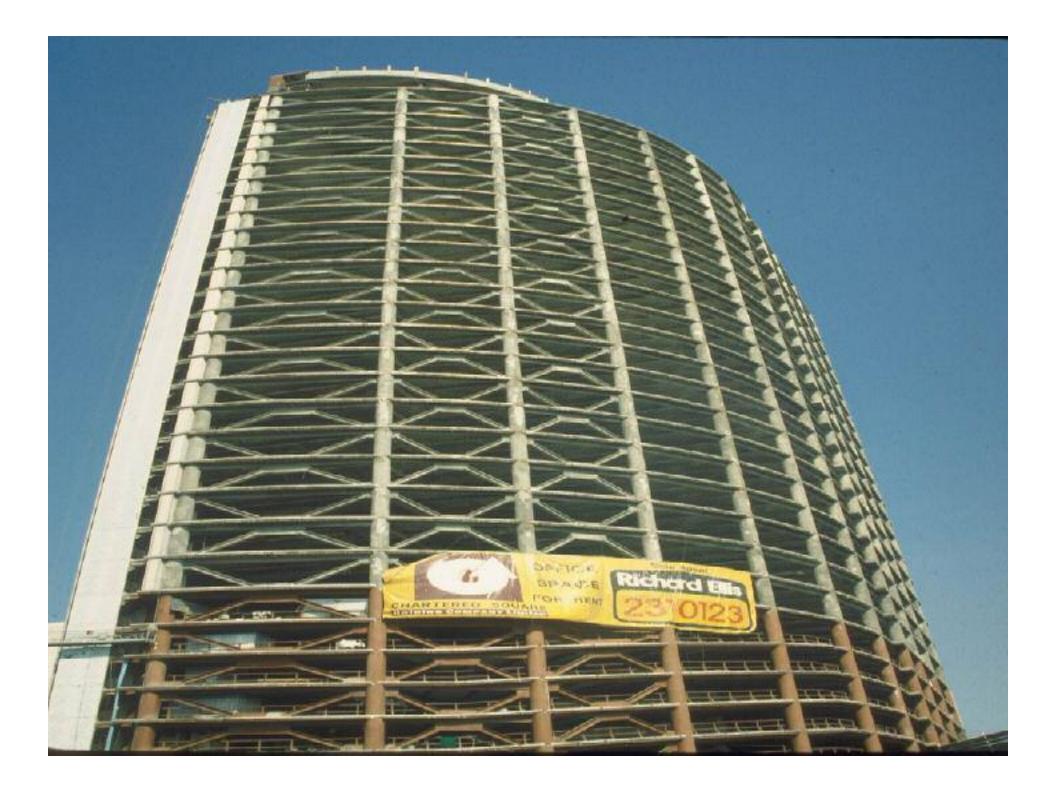


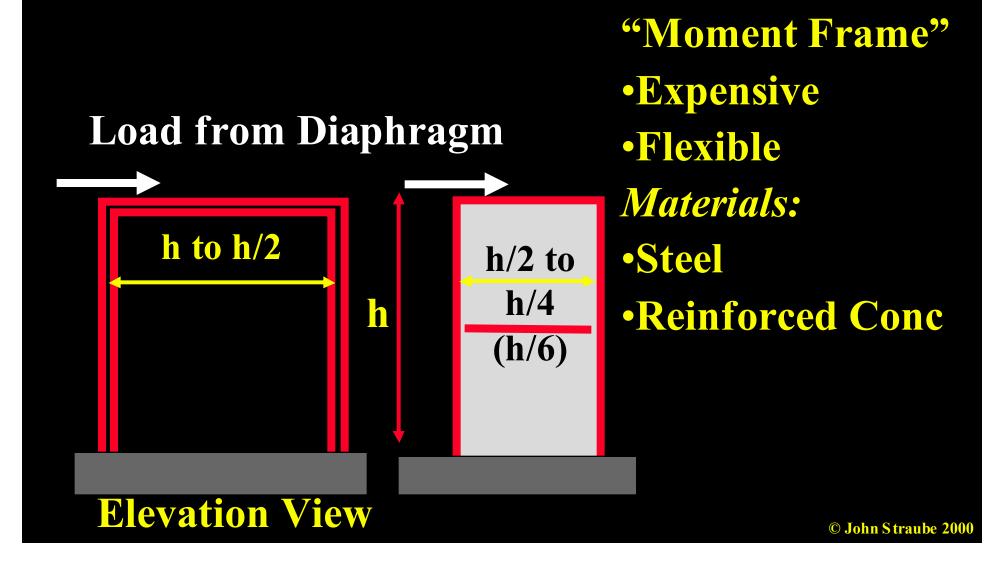




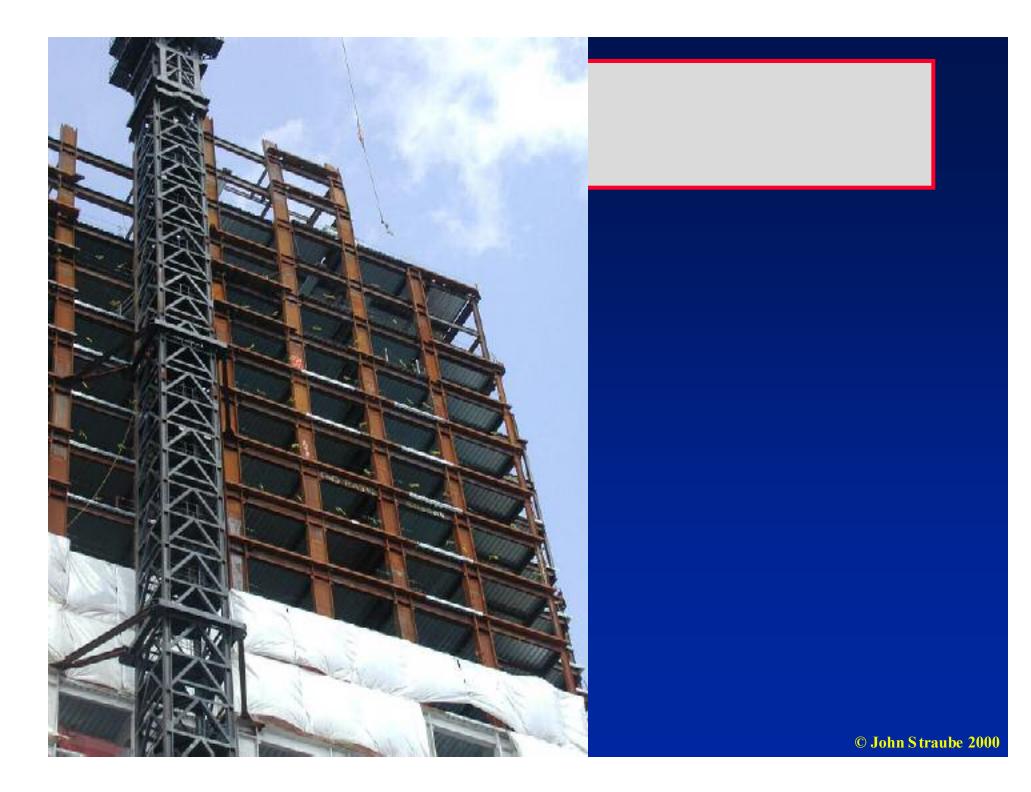


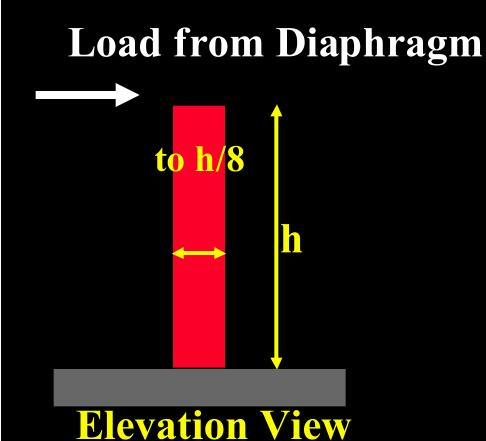






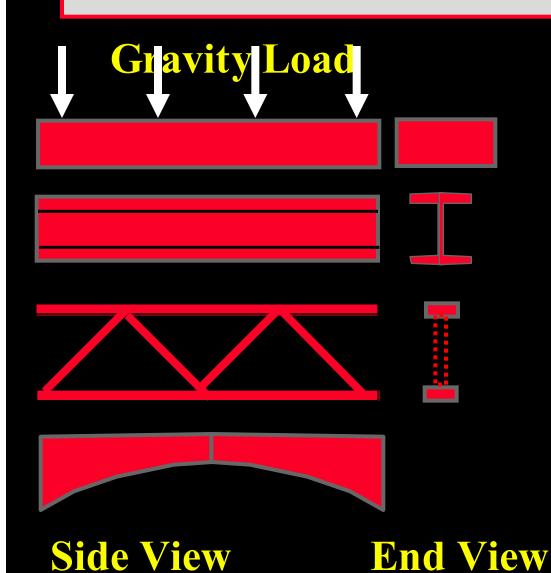






"Cantilever Post" One Story •Flexible •**Expensive** Materials: •Wood •Steel Reinforced Conc

Gravity Load Resisting Elements



Slabs d=L/20-L/40

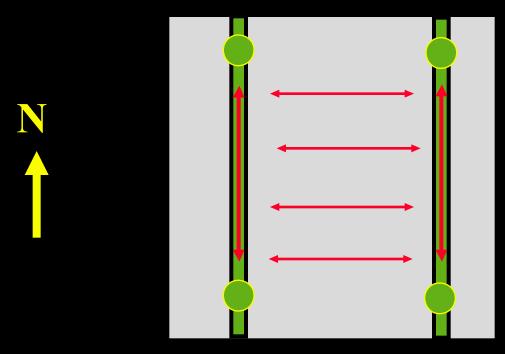
Beams =L/12 - L/25

Trusses =L/6 - L/12

Arches = L/3 - L/8

Pick Load Path

Load Can Flow in One-Direction or Two



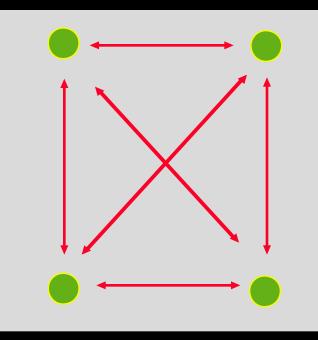
Plan View

System A in E-W
System B in N-S
Then Columns or Walls
to ground

Easy & CommonSteel, conc, wood

Pick Load Path

Load Goes Both Ways = 2 way system



N

•If E-W:N-S dimensions >2:1 then one-way

Practical forConcreteSpace frame(steel, wood)

Plan View

